Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum.

VOL. XI. BELLEFONTE, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 18, 1879. NO. 25.

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

THE Prohibitionists of Minnesota have nominated the Rev. W. W. Satterlee to be slaughtered next fall in the race for governor.

THAT dreaded scourge, yellow fever, has again broken out in the South, and fears are entertained that it will work its way up the Ohio.

BEN BUTLER is to stump the State for Ewing, in Ohio, so it is reported. If true, Ewing may as well haul down his colors and step out of the contest.

CHAIRMAN QUAY has issued a call for the assembling of the Republican State Convention, at Harrisburg, on the 23d of July. The Democratic convention will be held on the 16th.

THE Emperor of Germany and his wife celebrated their golden wedding in Berlin, June 11th. Distinguished visitors from all over Europe were present to take part in the festivities. Emperor, we congratulate you!

THE race in England, between Elliot and Hanlan, on the river Tyne, on Monday last, was easily won by Hanlan by ten lengths. The race was for £200 a side, the championship of England and America and the *Sportsman* Challenge cup. 'Rah for Hanlan!

AT the Republican State Convention, held at Des Moines, Iowa, June 11th, Gov. Gear and Lieutenant Governor Campbell were nominated by acclamation. In one of the planks of the platform adopted at this convention we find this strong sentence, in regard to the threat of the Democracy of no more money for the army: "The Government of the Union could not be beaten to death, and cannot be starved to death."'

WADE HAMPTON is reported to have said in an interview, while in New York recently, that he didn't think the South cared a copper who the next presidential candidate was, so long as he was a national man. "They don't care what his financial views may be." Yes, that's about it. The average Southerner don't care a continental whether their candidate for President knows anything about finance or not, so long as he is a red-hot Democrat. A man who knows nothing pertaining to the real interest of the Government fills the bill for them.

THE *Watchman* wants to know if we can't make a Southern outrage out of the Negro riot which occurred in Liberty county, Georgia, recently, between some colored excursionists and the colored residents, in which some of the participants were killed. No, we don't have to draw on the imagination in these days for outrages in the South. Why, we can show you accounts of genuine Democratic outrages on the Negroes of the South in almost every paper we take up, and would venture the opinion that there are lots of young rebels in the South who would have enjoyed taking a hand in this little scrimmage which the *Watchman* mentions.

THE *Watchman* makes the startling announcement that the Republican party is mortally afraid of Jefferson Davis, and adds that "it has reason to be, for if it hadn't been for Democratic soldiers and generals, he would have whipped them to death in every battle." And if it hadn't been for a generous-hearted and too forbearing President, the old trator would have had his worthless neck wrung years ago, instead of being about to-day rattling his venomous tongue, and making everybody uncomfortable by his nauseating presence. As for being afraid, we are afraid—afraid that this would-be despot will not get his just deserts for his infamous and treasonable actions in the years of our great rebellion.

Decoration, Orations and the Criticisms of Sensitive Democratic Sheets.

The decoration services of this year were perhaps attended as universally, and participated in with more feeling than ever before.

The manifest retroactive tendency of the rebel brigadiers in the present Congress, has signalled every true American citizen and patriot to be on the alert, stand by his guns, and be ready for any emergency, and has awakened and revived the fires of patriotism in the hearts of the loyal people of the country. Hence, the earnest and enthusiastic feeling displayed on last Decoration Day. Hence, the eloquent expressions of loyalty and patriotism that characterized the many orations delivered on that day in honor and commemoration of our dead heroes, and in support of the noble cause for which they sacrificed themselves. Our neighbors, the *Watchman* and the *Democrat*, seem to be over sensitive in relation to the oration or remarks made by a Rev. Robinson at Potters' Bank on Decoration Day. The nature and character of the remarks made by Rev. Robinson we do not know. Neither the *Democrat* nor the *Watchman* has done him the justice to publish his remarks either in part or entire, so that the public could have an opportunity to judge of their fitness for the occasion.

Before either of these would-be honorable and respectable journals swoop down upon a minister of the Gospel with the mightiness of their giant intellects, and in the language of the lofty-toned *Watchman* (?) of last week denominate him an "*ass*," and abuse him as a vile, bigoted, partisan, as did the *Democrat* week before last, they ought, in all fairness, to first have published the oration of Rev. Robinson.

We, as before stated, do not know what this reverend gentleman said on that occasion, that has so thoroughly stirred up the vials of wrath of our Democratic neighbors, and set in harmonious tune the *only bond of sympathy and good feeling* that exists between the *Watchman* and *Democrat*, which is their cordial hate of the Union and those who died for its preservation, and their cordial love for the "*lost cause*", and the heroes who died in its defence. Had the Rev. Mr. Robinson, on Decoration Day, in speaking of the dead heroes who had worn the blue and who had fallen in defence of our country's flag, and whose valor and patriotism preserved the Government from destruction by traitorous hands, in the choice language of the *Watchman* of a few years ago, denominated them "Lincoln hirelings," "chicken thieves," "raiders," "poltroons" and a host of other scurrilous and abusive epithets that could be culled from the files of the *Watchman*, then, instead of being called an "ass," he would have been applauded and commended by that sheet. Or had he lauded and extolled, as patriotic, virtuous, unequalled in valor and heroism, the rebels who had worn the gray, and died in their attempt to overthrow our Government, and spoke of the justice of the lost cause, and of the heroic sacrifices made by Southern patriots in its behalf, then he would have been highly complimented by both the *Watchman* and *Democrat*, as an able, impartial and patriotic orator. Upon such sentiments, *and only upon such*, the *Democrat* and *Watchman* join hands, being true exponents of Northern Democratic doughfaceism, and admirers of the "lost cause." We venture to say that Rev. Robinson said nothing on Decoration Day to which any loyal American citizen could justly except, and to which every loyal heart that beats in sympathy with our country's good, and the great cause for which our union heroes died, would most cheerfully and willingly assent. Let our Democratic neighbors divest themselves of their anti-union sympathies, and rise above playing the *role* of political dough-faces, fawning sycophants and fulsome flatterers to the chivalric South. Whenever they are able to clear up the obscurity of their political vision, so that they can see anything else but Bourbon Democracy, then we may expect them to see our country as a great nation, and not as a mere confederacy of States to be controlled and guided by the spirit of slavery. Then may we expect them to manifest a disposition to do what is fair and honorable, and cease to exercise their giant intellects upon a peaceful minister of the Gospel, without even first giving the minister a fair hearing before the public.

The Gallows Loses a Victim.

Edward Parr, the murderer of his daughter, who took strychnine soon after the death sentence had been pronounced upon him, of which we made mention in our last issue, was successful in his attempt to cheat the gallows, the poison having done its work. It was frequently the boast of this villian that he feared not death, and several times, while undergoing imprisonment, previous to his trial, he expressed the desire that his trial should be hurried forward, as he was impatient to be hung; but at the last moment, when the death sentence had been pronounced, the cold, hideous nature of this brute in human shape seems to have softened a trifle, and he became sufficiently civilized to see the enormity of his crime. He began to fear death—feared to be ushered into the presence of his Creator by the hand of the hangman, thinking, perhaps, it would cover him still deeper with disgrace, and so ended his own life with poison.

When it became known that he had taken poison, medical men were summoned, and everything within their power and knowledge was done to overcome the effects of the drug, that the man might live to answer for his crime upon the gallows. But stomach pumps, galvanic batteries, and the various antidotes applied were of no avail, and the thirty grains of strychnine performed its mission. Perhaps it is just as well that he has been disposed of in this manner, for he couldn't have suffered more on the gallows than while undergoing the treatment of resuscitation.

He has gone—somewhere—and we hope that another such monster as this man has proven himself to be, does not live upon our shores.

A Good Act.

The following important act was passed by Legislature during the session just closed. Some of our readers may think that it is of little account, but if farmers and others who live on good country roads, permanently established, will avail themselves of the advantages it offers, in a few years they might have their roads lined with beautiful shade trees. Here is the act:

SEC. 1. That any person liable to road tax who shall transplant by the side of any public highway, on his own premises, any fruit, shade trees, or forest trees of suitable size, shall be allowed by the supervisor of roads, where roads run through or adjoin cultivated fields, an abatement of his road tax, one dollar for every four trees set out; but no row of elms shall be nearer than seventy feet, no row of maple or other forest trees nearer than fifty feet, except locust, which may be set thirty feet apart; and no allowance, as before mentioned, shall be made unless such trees shall have been set out the year previous to the demand for such abatement, and are living and well protected from animals at the time of such demand.

SEC. 2. Any tree transplanted to the side of the public highway, as aforesaid, in the place of trees which have died, shall be allowed for in the same manner and on the same conditions as in the previous section.

SEC. 3 No person shall be allowed an abatement of his highway tax, as aforesaid, more than one-quarter his annual highway tax, and no one shall receive abatement of tax for trees planted previous to the passage of this act.

SEC. 4 Any person who shall cut down, kill or injure any living tree planted as aforesaid, shall pay to the supervisor of the roads aforesaid fifty cents for each and every tree cut down, killed or removed, and to be collected as other taxes are now collected.

WASHINGTON.

Special Correspondent.

JUNE 12, 1879.

The army appropriation bill again passed the House yesterday, this time without the repealing clauses, so called, but with the prohibition of troops at the polls but in the form of denying pay or expenses for transportation for such purposes. It was merely a thin cover for a very manifest back down on the part of the Confederates. It was, as Gen. Hawley said, and incumbrance only, and therefore of no effect. The Republicans tried to strike out the objectionable paragraph, of cause without success, for the Democratic caucus is still King, and then they voted for it almost unanimously. Of course the prohibition lasts only as long as the appropriation bill holds good, or until June 30, 1880, and it is for manifest reasons without practical force, as it is without purpose except to cover a bad case of political failure. The Democrats are welcome to all the comfort they can extract from it, and the Republicans will go on reaping the fruits of the Democratic conspiracy to break down the Army, even though it failed ignominiously.

The House having passed the general appropriation bill the other day, leaving out the judiciary so that something might be left to tack the political appendages to, on Tuesday a "supplementable" was presented contianing the appropriations for the Courts, together with clauses prohibiting payment of election of supervisors and deputy marshals. The reason that this was so presented was that the pay of the Confederate Congress depends upon the general appropriation bill, and the leaders are afraid that this supplemental part will be vetoed. The rebel patriots are determined to get their own pay whatever happens, and this is about the extent of their statesmanship. Having provided for that, now they are nearly ready to go home. Hence they force through the supplemental bill with the objectionable hobbies attached, and then rush through a resolution for adjournment on the 17th inst. The Senate will therefore have it in its power to pass that resolution on the heels of the supplemental bill, and then say to the President, "we give you support for the Army and judiciary in our own way and you can veto it if you choose; its all you will get." The Democratic caucus has probably fixed this policy, and the self styled "independent Democrats" will probably sustain it. Perhaps the President will not think it worth while to contend with them, since there are no Congressional elections this year to be affected by this legislation, and as no laws will be repealed thereby, and only suspended for one year.

The Hon. Ben Hill made his long promised speech yesterday, in reply to Senator Blaine's exposure of his disloyal record and the hollowness of all Southern professions of loyalty. He didn't however, meet the charge of Senator Blaine that he voted for secession in the Georgia convention. Mr. Blaine will reply to him in a day or two, and will take occasion to expose the fallacy of the Confederate explanation relative to the literature of the South. Whenever it has been charged that school-books containing unpatriotic sentiment were used in the South, the rebel Senators have said that those books were the product of the war, and published during the war, but that none such were being issued now. Senator Blaine has in possession advance sheets of books to be published shortly containing as evil sentiment as the worst of them, and he will make it warm for the Confederates who deny so much.

The Greenbackers are sad. They were signally defeated in the Senate in the effort to get consideration of the silver bill. The Senate would not even vote to take it up or set a time to consider it. All financial agitation is therefore dead for this session, and has not a very good prospect for next winter, although after election some Democrats may manifest a little more courage in pushing their inflation-repudiation schemes.

The trick to steal Senator Kellogg's seat has entrapped its inventors. Spofford claimed the seat because he was elected by the White Line legislature of La, but as his claim was slender, he made charges of bribery against Kellogg. Every witness he brings here, however, has testified that corruption was on the other side. Not even the Senatorial rebels will dare to steal this seat probably, and thus the Republicans may have hope of recovering the Senate in 1881. PHIL.

LIGHTNING has been pretty active thus far this season in the way of destroying property. It set fire to 25,000 barrels of oil at Philadelphia, on the 11th inst., causing a loss of $1,000,000.

LOCAL SHORTS.

—We have received two very choice pieces af music entitled: "Just a little longer," (song and chorus) and "The Water Mill," (song for soprano), for which the author will please accept our thanks. Both of these publications are very fine, but the "song for soprano" has a new subject, and the melody is of a style entirely different from the generality of songs, and has such a fascination about it, that the more you hear it the more you want to hear. It certainly does the author much credit. Published by Wm. A. Pond & Co., 22 Union Square, New York.

—Mr. W. F. Malin, the gentlemanly telegraph operator at this place, is spending a few weeks with relatives in Chester county. R. W. Adams, of Clearfield, is filling his position.

—Miss Bella Rankin, of Boalsburg, and Miss Kate Green, of this place, were in attendance at the Mountain Seminary commencement exercises, at Birmingham.

—Jersey Shore is complaining because the circusses all go around that place. Wait till you get to be a place of importance, like Bellefonte; then you'll get 'em.

—The Centennial Temperance Club, at their next meeting, June 23d, will nominate officers for the ensuing term. A full attendance is desired.

—The holes in the wooden paving, in front of the Bush House, are becoming numerous. If it isn't soon repaired there will be nothing left of it.

—Bittner & Gentzell, grain separator manufacturers and repairers, at the car shops, report business brisk. Have all the orders they can fill.

—The people of Zion have got stirred up, and are talking of holding a big festival some time next week.

—Good market last Saturday morning. Seventeen wagons were on the ground, and there was a good display of early fruits and poultry.

—We saw a bunch of cherries at the market on Saturday morning that would weigh at least a pound and a half. They were beauties.

—The Fair grounds are getting to be quite a driving park of late. Trials of speed are made nearly every pleasant afternoon by Bellefonte high-flyers.

—A new iron bridge over the Bald Eagle at Milesburg, in place of the wooden structure now spanning that stream, is talked of.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company are about to put down two artesian wells at their shops in Altoona. So says the *Tribune*.

—The saloons and many business places about town are being decorated by some handsome specimens of tissue paper hanging.

—Ex-Governor Pigler, of Clearfield, has been elected to fill the President's chair of the State Normal School at Lock Haven.

—Deputy Sheriff Spangler escorted a dementated young lady, of Philipsburg, to the Danville asylum last week.

—A meeting will be held by the School Board for the election of teachers for next term on Tuesday, June 24th.

—The editor acknowledges the gift of a lot of nice crisp lettuce from the garden of J. G. Larimer.

—Ought a baker to drive a thorough-bred horse?—*Altoona Call*. No, he don't knead to.

—A new tobacco and cigar store has been opened on Bishop street, near the Butts House.

—Altoona wants better postoffice accommodations, and will probably get them.

—The railroad track below the depot underwent considerable repairing last week.

—Allegheny street was alive with teams from the country on Saturday.

—The Tyrone *Herald* has entered upon its thirteenth volume.

—The work of painting the Bush House goes steadily on.

—Read our letter from Kansas in the inside.

—Jose A. Ramirez—look out for poster.

Newspaper Jottings.

—Forney's *Progress* has entered upon the seventh month of its career.

—A new Republican journal at New Haven, Conn., is called the *Solid North*.

—There are more independent journals in the South now than ever before.

—The *Saturday Review* calls Macaulay the father of picturesque reporters.

—Mr. W. A. Taylor has severed his connection with the Columbus *Democrat*.

—And now San Francisco is to have a new paper to support the "new Constitution."

—It is said that Turks do not take kindly to newspapers. Persons who can't read seldom do.

—Boston's projected *Evening Mail* is to appear in September. It is to be a two, instead of a one cent publication.

—In Paris the *Continental Gazette*, *Register* and *Parisian* all claim to be organs of the American colony in that city.

—The most elegantly appointed editorial rooms in America are said to be those of the Philadelphia *Public Ledger*.

—The Schenectady *Star* is twenty-five years old, and the Buffalo *Express* says it begins to think about using hair-dye.

—One thousand dollars bonus has been paid for the exclusive right to circulate a paper at the Brighton Beach Hotel.

—A new eight-page daily paper called *Le Globe*, modeled after the great London dailies, will shortly appear in Paris.

—It is not generally known that Warren Leland, the hotel man, published the first paper that appeared in San Francisco.

—Colonel Small, "Old Si," of the Atlanta *Constitution*, is writing a book about "The Fighting Alstons, of Halifax," and the Cox-Alston case.

—James R. Randall, of the Augusta *Chronicle*, and author of "My Maryland," has gone to Washington, where he will act as correspondent of his paper.

—A satirical play has been written by Murat Halstead of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, upon popular government, in which he unmasks a number of prominent public men.

—Paris papers pay comparatively little attention to the news. City matters, unless they relate to the criminal courts, the theater or the opera, are scarcely mentioned, and one of the most important departments of American newspapers is thus almost wholly wanting. No systematic effort is made to gather the news of France.

—The St. Louis evening *Star* having suspended, the field of evening journalism is now entirely monopolized by the *Post-Dispatch*. That paper has the franchises of both Press Associations and the combined patronage of three evening papers. With these circumstances in its favor it would be strange if it were not a prosperous paper.

—Napoleon I. said: "I had rather have the press with me than a million bayonets;" and Hume, "The liberty of the press and liberty of the people must stand or fall together." Wendell Philips once said: "What gunpowder did for war, the printing press has done for the mind; and the statesman is no longer clad in the steel of special education, but every reading man is his judge."

—Charles Henry Pulham, the city editor of the New York *Times*, who died the early part of last week, was educated in England for the ministry, but never took orders. His first journalistic work in this country was on the New York *Express*, but he soon became connected with the *Times*, and remained with that paper until his death. His tastes ran to natural History studies. He loved alike birds, dogs, horses, cattle; knew the habits of almost every bird that frequents English woodlands and hedges. His duties had left him little time for such studies in this country, but he had, nevertheless, made full use of his summer vacations in this respect.

Poetry.

A LITTLE GRAVE.

There is a little grave southward, far away,
Made more than twenty years now fled;
My child, upon a dreary winter's day,
Was laid there gently with the dead.

I have not seen, in all these many years
In which I've been a wanderer still,
That little grave seen then with bitter tears,
Fresh in the church-yard on the hill.

I sometimes yet breathe out a heavy sigh
As I recall that day of snow,
That she, with rosy cheek and bright black eye,
So early to the grave should go.

I wonder oft if still the paling stands
White-painted 'round my darlings tomb,
And if flowers, planted by a mother's hands,
Are living there to bud and bloom.

And every time I sadly turn aside
To view the graves of friends elsewhere,
I wish the distant dead one side by side
Was buried with her kindred there.

Gory war, with thund'ring din, has swept
Through all the vale where lies my dead;
Yet, mid the noise of battle she has slept
Unawakened in her earthly bed.

At last, that little grave will be the scene
Of all that God says shall be done;
Her wakened form will rise, in glory's sheen,
As shineth in his strength the sun.

There'll be no little graves o'er yonder sky,
Where I have fixed my heart to go,
And there with lovlier face and brighter eye,
I'll find the lost of long ago.—*Conference News*

THE LONG JOURNEY.

BY FRANK J. OTTARSON.

When our feet have grown heavy and weary
On the valleys and mountains of life,
And the path has grown dusty and dreary,
And we groan in the struggle and strife,
We halt in the difficult journey,
Glance backward o'er valley and plain,
And sigh with a sorrowful longing
To travel our journey again.

For we know in the past there were pleasures,
And seasons of joy and delight,
While before all is doubtful and darkness,
And dread of the gloom and the night;
Each bright, sunny spot we remember—
How little we thought of them then!
But now we are looking and longing
To rest in those places again.

But vain of the vainest our sighing,
Our course must be upward and on,
We cannot turn back in our journey,
We cannot enjoy what is gone.
Let us hope, then, as onward we travel,
That oasis may brighten the plain,
That our road be along the sweet waters,
Though we may not begin it again.

For existence forever goes upwards—
From the hill to the mountain we rise,
On, on, o'er invisible summits,
To land in the limitless skies.
Strive on, then, with courage unshaken—
True labor is never in vain—
Nor glance with regret at the pathway
No man can go over again

Our Story Teller.

A Perfect Treasure.

The Story of a Plucky Woman.

One day Frank came home with a look of triumph.

"I have a perfect treasure for you," said he, "in the way of a nurse. Gerald Temple is going to take his family to Europe, and when he heard what you wanted, offered to let us have their nurse, whom they will not want."

I heard a low sigh. Virginia, Frank's only sister, had been sitting in the corner of the drawing room. She arose now and went out.

"How could you Frank?" I said, following her with sad eyes; "I have never heard your sister speak of the Temples since she has lived with us; the very mention of their names brings back the memory of Gerald's brother and all that sad tragedy."

"I am sorry," said Frank, "but I did not know that she was in the room. Poor Virginia!"

Yes, poor Virginia! I said to myself; but once the blithest, loveliest little creature I ever knew. It is something of a story, but 'tis "an ower true tale," and I will tell it in the shortest way I can.

Virginia and Frank were orphans, and old Mrs. Chichester, their grandmother, had adopted Virginia almost from her infancy. The old lady had very ambitious hopes of making a splendid match for her grandchild. But Virginia thought otherwise; and when she was just seventeen, at the time of my wedding, she and Langley Temple were insane enough to fall desperately in love with each other. Langley was Frank's most intimate friend, and the pair met continually at our house until Grandmother Chichester found it out.

After awhile Langley was ordered to his ship; (he was in the navy;) but Frank waged battle with grandma until he obtained a viperish consent that the lovers might correspond.

Grandma took pains not to let Frank know how Virginia was tormented and tyrannized over until the poor child consented to go out into society again; and there she met and made ready conquest of the very man whom grandma had intended for her beauty — Horace Kent.

Virginia refused him; but grandma said, scornfully, "that made no difference. She would come to her senses soon." And, to my utter amazement, the trousseau went on, and by-and-by we were bidden to the wedding — a quiet, elegant affair, where Virginia walked and talked as if she was frozen.

Frank and I confessed to each other that night that the business passed our comprehension, for we had no idea then of foul play.

Kent and Virginia were to sail for Europe within a fortnight of their marriage, and went to Washington and Baltimore to pass that time. Left alone, one evening, in Baltimore with a severe headache. Virginia remembered to have seen some aromatic vinegar in her husband's dressing-case. Kent was peculiar in his careful way of locking up his belongings, and she took her own bunch of keys to open the box, when, rather to her surprise, she found the key left in the box.

Some listless, vague impulse which she could never afterward account for, prompted her to lift the upper tray, although she had found the vinegar already. Underneath, to her surprise, she found papers, and was about returning the tray to its place without further examination when her eye was caught by the words, "My own Virginia," in a dear, a too well-known hand-writing.

When Kent came back that night he found his beautiful young wife senseless upon her bed with two letters crumpled between her cold fingers. One the last letter that Langley had actually written her, and the other the base forgery in which he asked to be released from his engagement.

Kent was not at all bad. He loved her madly; and you may be sure that his sore punishment began when, after the physicians had brought her out of that deathlike swoon, the first words that came to Virginia's lips in that strange, passionless tone which is far worse than anger were:

"Remember! I will never forgive you—never!"

They came back to New York for a single day; but Virginia saw no one but her grandmother. The old lady, upon her death-bed, raved of that interview, and she vainly implored Virginia's forgiveness for urging Kent on to his treachery.

The newly-wedded pair sailed in the ill-fated ship which took fire off the coast of Nova Scotia, and whose name still carries terror to many a heart.

Virginia was one of the handful of survivors; her unhappy husband fought for her a place in the boat, and remaining behind himself, perished with the ship. The agony of terror, the long night which she spent at the mercy of the waves, proved too much of a strain upon poor Virginia's already overburdened frame, and Frank and I were summoned by telegraph to her, at Halifax, where she lay for days unconscious with brain fever.

And then, to add to her misery when recovering, she was thrown into a nearly fatal relapse by accidentally seeing that the Tecumseh had gone down in the attack on Mobile harbor with every soul on board. The Tecumseh was Langley's ship.

Virginia came to live with us about two years before the commencement of my story. She seemed to feel a sort of sorrowful remorse about her husband which was not grief, and yet it cast a shadow over her life.

"He was treacherous and false," she said to me one day, "and he broke my heart,—but what right have I to judge him? Harry, I told him I would never forgive him, and he died thinking himself unforgiven."

Of Langley, as I told you, she never spoke.

Well, the "perfect treasure" made her appearance. She was a rather young woman with a pleasant, low voice, and with very good manners for one of her station. I was charmed. Certainly this girl seemed determined to please me. She did her work in a faultlessly neat way; she amused and played with the twins, and baby had more quiet nights than I had known him to have for weeks.

So, after a month's trial, I began to sing Alice's praises, and allowed her full control in her own department, with a good many privileges.

Virginia alone did not seem to like her. Virginia had a curious way of looking at new faces—a searching, penetrating glance that I always thought had a sort of mesmerism in it; all the stranger because her eyes were so gentle and soft. Alice never met my look fairly, as I remembered afterward.

It was the spring of '65. The closing scenes of the war were crowding thick and fast upon each other. Virginia kept her room a good deal. The warm April weather seemed to enervate her, and she shrank away from the joy and enthusiasm we all exhibited.

Poor child! It was hard for her to hear of the soldiers and sailors who would be coming home now, and to that—for her sore heart — peace would bring no balm.

One night Frank had taken a box at the Italian opera in New York. We lived in Brooklyn, and as Kellogg was to sing I begged Virginia to go with us; but she steadily declined; she would stay at home and keep house, she said.

Now, two of my servants were going to a fireman's ball the same night, leaving only Alice and the cook at home; so I must say I felt rather more easy about the children when I found that Virginia would not go.

Going from New York to Brooklyn by night, however, is a long journey, and it was close upon one o'clock when we drove up to our door.

In the meantime Virginia, after our departure, had sat for some time in her own room writing letters. The twins were having a noisy romp in the nursery; and when she looked in to say good-night Fred fastened himself upon her neck and begged to come and stay with auntie. She yielded, and then Fred began building card houses on the sofa, and played until he got tired, when he curled himself in a corner, and in two seconds was fast asleep.

Being very much interested in her book, Virginia let the little fellow sleep on, thinking that by-and-by she would take him up to he own room and put him to bed there, as she frequently did. At last she fell asleep herself.

She never knew how long she slept; but she had a painful, nightmare sensation, as if somebody was trying to smother her, and after struggling with the feeling for some time, she slowly and with great effort opened her eyes.

Why! what had happened to the room? The gas must have gone out,—it was totally dark save a flickering gleam from the dying fire on the hearth; and what a sickening smell there was! With a lightning rapidity—which is more like instinct than thought—it suddenly flashed upon her what the strange scent was,—chloroform! Then, as she caught her frightful breath and sank back into her chair, a low sound of voices from the dining-room reached her ear.

The door between the two rooms was ajar, and she saw a thread of light from it. The voice she first heard was a man's.

"You didn't give the young woman too much, did yer;" it asked rather anxiously.

"I wish I had," returned Alice's low and stealthy voice. "I hate her! She suspects me."

"Ha! ha!" gurgled the man. "She must have been purty uncivil to yer; yer usually gets on the right side of 'em. Is that pitcher silver or plate?"

"Plate. The silver is up stairs!"

Virginia shook as she heard the venom of that low voice.

"She was Mr. Langley's lady-love till her old grandma stopped it."

"And what was Mr. Langley to yer, my girl?" said the man.

"Hush! you'll wake the child, and I do not want to do him any harm. Mr. Langley"—the woman's voice softened—"never said a dozen words to me in my life; but look you, Vincent, I worshiped him."

"That's right; tell me all, as I'm yer husband that is to be," said the other with a coarse laugh.

"Mrs. Kent has splendid jewels, too. I picked the lock to look at them. You can take as many of them as you like. Come."

As the sound of their footsteps died away Virginia snatched the deadly handkerchief off her head and staggered to her feet, though dizzily. She was a very spirited girl, and determined that the pair should not escape. But what could she do? It was vain to think of getting the cook to a arm their neighbors at the corner, for the next lot was vacant, and she must cross the hall and go past the stairs to her. There would be no use in throwing up the window and screaming. The house was on Clinton avenue, far out, and the policemen did not come past very often.

Virginia wrung her hands, when a sleepy murmur of "auntie!" startled her. In a second her resolve was taken, and she was on her knees by Fred, kissing him and saying:

"Fred, my darling, auntie is going to do something funny. You remember how papa jumped you down from the balcony on Christmas day to run after the monkey? I am going to jump you down now. Don't speak a word. Act like a man. There!"

Fred was just four years old, but a great boy for his age, and he always obeyed Virginia implicitly. So he rubbed his eyes wide open, and was carried to the window. The balcony outside was not far from the ground.

As virginia looked out carefully she saw under the corner gaslight a tall figure with a gleam of brass buttons.

"Fred," she whispered rapidly, "run fast to that policeman and tell him he must come right here to auntie; then go to Mr. Motley's at the corner and ring the bell with all your might—it is low, and you can reach it—and tell George and Harry Motley that Aunt Virginia says there is a thief in the house. Don't be afraid, Fred; he a man like papa."

Over—softly over the railing—and then, with a good shake of his small person, Fred's fat little legs trotted swiftly off towards the policeman.

Directly under the balcony a voice said, softly:

"What's wanted, ma'am? Can you open the front door for me?"

"I cannot," she panted; "there are burglars in the house, and I should be heard. Couldn't you get up here somehow? Has the little boy gone to the neighbors?"

There was no answer to her question; but the policeman easily followed her suggestion and climbed up over the balcony.

"Wait," whispered Virginia, laying her cold hand on the policeman's arm. "They are upstairs, in my room, looking for my jewels. If you will stand just behind that door, I will creep up the back stairs and reconnoiter; if the woman comes to answer the bell, seize her. There is only one man. If I want help I will call, and then you must rush up the front stairs."

"Are you not afraid?" asked the policeman with some surprise. But Virginia was gone before he had finished his remark.

When she reached the stairs she found, by the sounds, that the man had evidently gone into the silver closet, which stood on the other side of the back stairs, and that now she was between the two; for she could hear Alice walking about in her room. Quick as a flash the little figure glided up the stairs, slipping off her boots at the lowest step. There was no light in the hall except that afforded by the burglar's lantern, for the gas was turned down low, and the lantern set inside the closet door. The door opened outward, and the key was in it. A spring, a sudden bang, and then the click of the key in Virginia's nervous fingers as she turned it in the lock. A tremendous curse came from the captured thief as she leaned breathlessly against the door. The same moment the gaslight behind her was suddenly turned on, and Alice confronted Virginia.

"You here, madam? Well, you and I are quits, anyhow. Open that door, or I'll send a bullet through your head. You did not think of my having the revolver, did you?"

"No," said Virginia, looking in the girl's furious eyes with her peculiarly calm smile. "Help! Police!"

"You may split your pretty throat calling," said Alice, seizing her savagely by the arm. "No one will come; the cook's drugged and you are at our mercy. Give me the key!"

"I'll trouble you for that pistol!" said a stern voice behind Virginia as a quick, strong arm jerked the pistol away from Alice.

Alice, with a shriek, fell on the floor, for she realized all at once.

But Virginia—gasping, "Ah, my God!"—gazed as if turned to stone—for it was Langley Temple that she saw.

"Virginia! don't be terrified," he said; "it is my very self—no ghost. Take my hand, love; see, it is flesh and blood, like your own."

He had her in his arms. The door bell was ringing furiously; but he would have left the neighbors pull the wire till it broke before he would have left her in that dumb and shocked state. As he touched her she trembled violently. Then the light came back to her eyes, and with a sob of joy Virginia flung herself on the breast of him whom she mourned as dead.

The Motleys had time to think that Virginia was murdered before Virginia opened the door. Very much surprised to see, instead of the policeman they expected to find, a very tall, handsome man—a stranger in undress uniform.

Fred, now that his part of the fun was over, began to roar, and Virginia took him up in her arms, while the four gentlemen—assisted by the real, simon-pure policeman, a brawny son of Erin—opened the closet and secured the prisoner. Within the next fifteen minutes the other servants had returned, for the burglary took place before 11 o'clock, and Alice, having recovered from her swoon, was carried to the station house.

I don't know how Langley and Virginia were occupied till my return; but when Frank thrust his latch-key into the door, Virginia flew out of the library and tried with a few incoherent sentences to prepare me for seeing something. The consequence was that when I pushed the door open, in a very bewildering frame of mind, and saw Langley smiling at me, I was terrified almost out of my senses and came near fainting.

To the best of my recollection, the household set up nearly all night; though finally, after I had heard the whole story, been speechless over Virginia's bravery, and hugged Fred, now fast asleep in the arm chair, Frank dragged me off to bed.

I don't know that Langley and Virginia sat there till morning; but certainly the first persons I saw upon coming down to breakfast were themselves on the identical sofa where I had left them.

Langley's story is too long a one to be told here. Suffice it to say, being on deck when the Tecumseh sunk, he had been able to strike out for the sinking ship, and under cover from the smoke and noise of battle, to swim ashore. There, however, he was taken prisoner and kept in close confinement for months, finally making his escape. Coming direct to Frank to gain intelligence before presenting himself to his family, he had stopped to light a cigar under the gaslight, where Virginia had mistaken him for a policeman. He had known her instantly, and probably only her fright and agitation prevented her from recognizing his voice, which, as he mischievously told her, he did not disguise in the least.

Alice and her accomplice were identified by the police as old offenders. The woman had carried on a systematic pilfering at the Temples, and was an accomplished hypocrite. To my intense gratification, the pair were sentenced to the full term in Sing Sing.

Langley and Virginia were married very quietly soon after. Frank gave away the lovely little bride, whose fair, girlish bloom had come back to her, and who, under the influence of love, seemed a different woman from the pale, sad creature who had moved so quietly about the house.

They idolize each other, and, I think, have quite forgiven Grandma Chichester and poor Horace Kent. Fred has always been a great pet with his aunt for his bravery on the night of the attempted burglary.

Between Fred's boasting and my sly teasing, poor Frank will never be allowed to forget his instrumentality in introducing me to such "a perfect treasure."

A MYSTERY.—Two darkies had bought a piece of pork, and Sam, having no place to put his in, trusted the whole to Julius's keeping. Next morning they met, when Julius said.

"A most strange thing happened at my house last night Sam. All a mystery to me."

"Ah, Julius, what was dat?"

"Well, Sam, dis mornin' I went down into de cellar to get a piece of pork for breakfast, and I put my hand into de brine, and felt all round but no pork dere—all gone—couldn't tell what went with it; so I turned up de barrel, and, Sam, as sure as preachin' de rats eat a hole clear fru de bottom ob de barrel, and dragged de pork all out."

"Why didn't de brine run out of de hole?"

"Ah, Sam, dat is de mystery."

A few days ago, James and William Morrison, brothers, employed at the Duncannon Iron Works, became involved in a quarrel. James, who, it is alleged, was under the influence of liquor, insulted William. William resented the insult by assaulting his brother, and in the quarrel James stabbed him in the arm with a knife. They grappled, when William threw James on the broad of his back, falling on top, and in that position James used the knfe again, inflicting an ugly wound.

Township Accounts.

A good deal has been written and printed in regard to the publication of the accounts of boroughs and townships. The law plainly requires, according to one of our exchanges which has given the subject considerable investigation, the auditors of the several boroughs and townships to publish a statement of their accounts respectively at the close of each fiscal year, which previous to 1876 was in June. We so stated in previous years, but there were persons, and lawyers, too, who had not given the subject a minute's attention, who argued that the law did not require any publication other than a written statement posted up in the borough or township. A case was tried in Northumberland county, involving a neglect of auditors to publish in the papers, and after a thorough examination the court decided against the auditors and fined them $20 each. In Allegheny county a like case was tried and with a like result. It was all along clear to us that publication in the papers was necessary. The reason why people thought a publication by written or printed statement put up in the borough or township was a sufficient compliance with the law was because the act of 1874 so stated, but the proviso to the act says as follows:

"Nothing in this act shall be construed to interfere with the present law, which requires annual statements of the receipts and expenditures of the borough councils, road commissioners, supervisors, overseers of the poor and school directors to be advertised in the weekly papers of the county."

From this it is clear that the written or printed statement to put up in the borough or township is a publication in addition to the publication in the newspapers, for were it not so the act itself would be practically of no effect. Several laws have been passed upon this subject since 1874, and the whole of them sum up thus:

First. The auditors are required in each borough and township to settle the accounts thereof, and publish the same not only in newspapers, but also by written or printed statements put up in the most public places in the boroughs and townships, as soon after the close of the fiscal year, which is on the first Monday in April, as possible.

Second. If the borough or township is in debt, has a funded or floating debt, it must be included in the statement; together with the valuation of property, etc., and published in at least two newspapers, and embraced in the written or printed statement also.

It is necessary that the auditors of the respective boroughs and townships should go to work at once and settle the accounts as they are in duty bound to do, and have them published as the law directs. When the borough or township is in debt the neglect incurs a fine of one thousand dollars. We would advise those who read this article to cut it out and preserve it, so that it may be held for reference.—*Somerset Democrat.*

Bee Stings for the Cure of Gout.

Several articles and letters have been printed in German papers of late lauding the efficacy of the sting of the common bee as a cure for gout. Here is one of the latest of these communications which appeared recently in the Augsburg *Evening Gazette*: "I was lying in bed," says the writer, "suffering from a heavy attack of gout, accompanied with violent pains in my left foot, when I chanced to read in a newspaper an article describing how gout may be cured by the sting of bees. I at once determined to try the remedy, and soon contrived a small box by means of which a captured bee could be applied to the afflicted part. I then let my foot be stung by three bees in succession, each bee leaving his sting behind in my flesh. After a few minutes these stings were extracted; and when the pain caused by them had subsided, I found that the gouty pain had also left me. On the same day I left my bed, and on the morrow was able to walk about. For some little time my foot was slightly inflamed, and I experienced some burning sensation; but in four or five days this left me, and I was completely recovered.

Attempt to Blow Up a Court House.

A dastardly attempt was made a fortnight ago to blow up the Leeds court house, England. Previous to the sitting of the court the son of the court keeper noticed on the floor a dark line, several feet in length, leading up to the box usually occupied by the high bailiff, on the left side of the bench. He pointed it out to his father, and it is found that the dark line consisted of powder mixed with the heads of lucifer matches. An examination of the bailiff's box was then made, and it was seen that the streak of gunpowder communicated with a large quantity of gunpowder placed in a box. On the floor, at the front part of the box, two large medicine bottles and a pomade bottle were noticed. Each of these was lying on its side, with the corks withdrawn, and all were filled with powder and nails. Underneath the bailiff's seat a large quantity of loose gunpowder was lying and also some cotton wool. The bottles, gunpowder and match heads were carefully removed and handed over to the police. The bailiff naturally incurs the dislike of those who do not care much for the law and justice, and there is no doubt the diabolical purpose was to kill him.

At the Lake Superior iron mine they are shipping from 100 to 150 cars of ore per day.

The Sailor's Story.

"I've been fourteen years a sailor, Miss, and I've found that in all parts of the world I could get along as well without alcoholic liquors as with them, and better, too.

"Some years ago, when we lay in Jamaica, several of us were sick with the fever, and among the rest the second mate. The doctor had given him brandy to keep him up, but I thought it was a queer kind of keeping up. Why, you see it stands to reason, Miss, that if you heap fuel on the fire it will burn the faster, and putting brandy to fever is just the same kind of a thing. Brandy is more than half alcohol, you know.

"Well, the doctor gave him up, and I was set to watch with him. No medicine was left, for it was of no use. Nothing would help him, and I had my directions what to do with the body when he was dead.

"Towards midnight he asked for water. I got him the coolest I could find, and gave him all he wanted, and if you'll believe me, Miss, in less than three hours he drank three gallons. The sweat rolled off from him like rain. Then he sank off and I thought sure he was gone, but he was sleeping, and as sweetly as a child. In the morning, when the doctor came, he asked what time the mate died.

"'Won't you go in and look at him?' said I.

"He went in and took the mate's hand. 'Why,' said he, 'the man is not dead! He's alive and doing well! What have you been giving him?'

"'Water, simply water, and all he wanted of it!'

"I don't know as the doctor learned anything from that, but I did, and now no doctor puts alcohol down me, or any of my folks for a fever. I can tell you, I am a plain, unlettered man, but I know too much to let my doctor burn me up with alcohol."

A Beautiful Truth.

Our faithful and interesting correspondent, W. F. Hilton, of Hartford, writes to us that he has just discovered that the initial letter of the words composing the sentences, "Christ has risen, I shall triumph," are contained in the word "Christ" thus:

C hrist
H as
R isen.
I
S hall
T riumph.

Having received this beautiful idea from our correspondent, we came to the conclusion that if so much was contained in the name Christ, the word Jesus must contain something in the same line to fit into it and remembering the passage "He shall be called Jesus because He shall save His people from their sins;" we accordingly write:

J esus
E xpresses
S alvation
U nto
S inners.

The whole matter may then be placed in the form of a syllogism thus: *Jesus expresses salvation unto sinners, Christ has risen; therefore, I shall triumph.* This is one way of teaching the gospel. Let others improve upon it in churches and Sunday Schools. To those who believe in the identity of the English-speaking races with the ten lost tribes of Israel, there may be something peculiarly instructive to them in this discovery, because from no other known language can the Scriptural declaration of the meaning of the name of Jesus Christ be similar written.

How Fortunes are Made in Leadville.

A. Cohen was one of the speculators who went there to look for a silver mine. His money dwindled rapidly until he had only $3.50 left. In desperation he went to a wholesale grocery and bought a barrel of apples, paying his entire capital on account, and remaining in debt $1.50. Then he set up a stand at a busy street corner, and offered his apples at ten cents apiece. Before sundown he had sold out, and was the possessor of nearly $30. The next day he had a larger stock in trade, and did equally well. In a fortnight he was a well to do man. His profits had been immense. Now he does a large fruit, nut and candy business, and has a store full of assistants.

Mining and Mineral Notes.

The coal shipments last week from the Clearfield, Pa., field did not exceed 24,000 tons.

We learn the National Coal Works at Noblestown, on the Pan Handle road' has resumed work.

From Leechburg, Pa., June 4: The coal works at this place are running about five days per week, filling from fifteen to sixteen cars per day, the miners getting near about all they can do. The prospects are fair for a good summer's run.

One of the coal mines owned by J. H. Dysart & Co., west of Lilly's station, on the Pennsylvania railroad, is being run day and night, giving employment to a number of men. The coal is shipped to the Cambria Iron Company, Johnstown.

A MAN in Spencer whose wife died a few days ago, had the funeral put off a day longer to enable him to plant his potatoes. He said it wouldn't make any difference to her, as she was always a good-natured little soul.

Reports from Kansas, of the date of May 20th state that the crops of this year promise to be above the average. Wheat at that time looked finely, and rye was in head. Wheat was worth 75c.; corn, 25c.; oats, 20c.; rye, 33c.; hogs, $2.70 per 100 pounds.

A gentlemanly-looking person was recently, at his own request, shown through the Indiana State Prison. He seemed much pleased, and said on leaving: "You see, I have been sentenced for two years here, and as I'm afraid they won't give me the new trial I have moved for, I thought I'd just come and see what sort of place it is." His fears proved to have been well founded, and he is now a regular boarder of that institution.

New Advertisements.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE—Letters testamentary on the last will of William Johnston, Sr., deceased, late of Ferguson township, Centre county, Pa., having been granted to us, all persons indebted to the estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.
JOHN JOHNSTON,
DAVID JOHNSTON,
11 20 6t Box 119, Elk City Clarion Co., Pa. Executors.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas, lettes testamentary have been granted the undersigned upon the estate of Samuel P. Womer, deceased, late of Taylor township, Centre county, notice is hereby given to all persons owing said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate to present the same, duly authenticated.
20 6t D. G. GANOE, Executor.

Clothing.

WM. S. TRIPPLE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Spring Street, Bellefonte, Pa.
FASHIONABLE SUITS
MADE TO ORDER AT
LOW CASH PRICES.
v5 12-1

Watchmaker.

WATCHMAKER'S
REMOVAL.
F. C. RICHARD

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the building opposite Bush's Arcade, next door to Deschner's gun store, on High street.

At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business, and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired on short notice. 7-8-tf

Plumbing and Gas Fitting.

WM. S. GALBRAITH,
PLUMBER,
GAS AND STEAM FITTER.

We pay particular attention to heating buildings by steam. Copper smithing and re-bronzing old gas fixtures done neatly and expeditiously. All our work warranted to give perfect satisfaction. W. S. GALBRAITH,
7-tf Bellefonte, Pa.

Auctioneer's Card.

PHILIP TEATS, who has had large experience as an Auctioneer, offers his services to the people of Centre county.

He speaks German and English,

and possesses the invaluable gift in an auctioneer of a loud, clear voice, and can be distinctly heard a long distance. Those having work of this kind to do will do well to give him a call. Charges moderate. Call on or address him at Bellefonte, Pa. 12-1y

Do you want to make some money?

If so, here is a chance. Competent Agents Male or Female wanted to sell the **Rotary Seive.** The most Convenient Article for domestic use, for the purpose designed, ever invented. Its scoops, sifts, weighs, measures and mixes. Also for straining Fruit, Washing Rice etc.

Over 1000 Agents are now engaged in selling them in the west. Territory is eagerly taken wherever offered, so apply early. For particulars address, C. M. WHITE,
Gen. Agt. West Penn'a. Pittsburg, Pa.
10-27.

Cathartic Pills

Combine the choicest cathartic principles in medicine, in proportions accurately adjusted to secure activity, certainty, and uniformity of effect. They are the result of years of careful study and practical experiment, and are the most effectual remedy yet discovered for diseases, caused by derangement of the stomach, liver, and bowels, which require prompt and effectual treatment. AYER'S PILLS are specially applicable to this class of diseases. They act directly on the digestive and assimilative processes, and restore regular healthy action. Their extensive use by physicians in their practice, and by all civilized nations, is one of the many proofs of their value as a safe, sure, and perfectly reliable purgative medicine. Being compounded of the concentrated virtues of purely vegetable substances, they are positively free from calomel, or any injurious properties, and can be administered to children with perfect safety.

AYER'S PILLS are an effectual cure for **Constipation or Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Foul Stomach and Breath, Dizziness, Headache, Loss of Memory, Numbness, Biliousness, Jaundice, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Dropsy, Tumors, Worms, Neuralgia, Colic, Gripes, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Gout, Piles, Disorders of the Liver,** and all other diseases resulting from a disordered state of the digestive apparatus.

As a Dinner Pill they have no equal.

While gentle in their action, these PILLS are the most thorough and searching cathartic that can be employed, and never give pain unless the bowels are inflamed, and then their influence is healing. They stimulate the appetite and digestive organs; they operate to purify and enrich the blood, and impart renewed health and vigor to the whole system.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists,
Lowell, Mass.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Medical.

Grace's Celebrated Salve.
A SURE RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERER.

PREPARED BY
SETH W. FOWLE & SONS,
86 HARRISON AVENUE,
BOSTON, MASS.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE
Is a Vegetable Preparation

invented in the 17th century by Dr. William Grace, Surgeon in King James' army. Through its agency he cured thousands of the most serious sores and wounds that baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians of his day, and was regarded by all who knew him as a public benefactor.

Price 25 Cents a Box.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE
CURES

flesh wounds, frozen limbs, salt rheum, chilblains, sore breast, sore lips, erysipelas, ringworms, scald head, chapped hands, burns, cancers, felons, scalds, sores, ulcers, wounds, stings, shingles, festers, wens, sties, piles, abcess, freckles, bunions, sprains, boils, bites, cuts, whitlows warts, blisters, tan, pimples, corns, scurvy, itch, ingrowing nails, nettle rash, mosquito and flea bites, spider stings.

And all cutaneous diseases and eruptions generally.

For sale by all druggists, grocers, and at all country stores throughout the United States and British Provinces. Price by mail 30 cents. 10-33-1y

Black Forest Oil Catarrh Remedy
WARRANTED TO CURE IN ALL CASES.

Where directions are followed. Sold by all druggists in one and two dollar packages. Patients using our remedy should write us fully of their cases, and we will send them special directions. If your druggist has not our remedy, write to us at once for sample package, circulars, &c Address, F. H. BOWER & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., General agents for the United States and Canada

Miscellaneous.

OLD AND RELIABLE.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates—It is Cathartic and Tonic. TRY IT

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

The Liver is the seat of Disease. The Liver Invigorator promotes the system from Miasmatic influences. It Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Bowels, Assists Digestion, and Strengthens the System. The Liver Invigorator has been used in my practice and by the public, for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
DR. SANFORD, M.D., 162 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY
ANY DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU ITS REPUTATION.
11 22 1y

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE—Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Dinah M. Adams, deceased, late of Huston township, Centre Co., all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same, duly authenticated to
21 6 F. M. WEBB,
Bellefonte, May 21, '79. Executor.

Professional Cards.

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja4'71-tf

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law,
office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law,
office on High Street, second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

W. A. MORRISON, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD.
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law,
v6 1-1y Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co.'s Bank. v6n1-1y

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS.
ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-32

BUSH, YOCUM & HASTINGS, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-east corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank. 7 1-1y

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorneys-at-Law.
Office on Allegheny Street, over Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

JOHN I. IRWIN, Attorney-at-Law.
Office North side of the Diamond, Bellefonte, Pa. Collections carefully attended to, and remittances promptly made.

JOHN BLAIR LINN, Attorney-at-Law,
Office on Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. 11-8-tf

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

Banks and Bankers.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't..... J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

DR. E. I. KIRK.

DR. J. W. RHONE, Dentist, can be found at his office and residence on North side of High Street, three doors East of Allegheny, Bellefonte, Pa. 10-16 1y

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER,
DENTIST.
A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth.
Office: Second floor, Furst's building, North side of Court House. 10-31-tf

Miscellaneous.

THOMAS H. RHOADS,
is prepared to do
PAPER HANGING, PAINTING & GLAZING
at reasonable rates. Orders left at his residence on Lamb street, Bellefonte, Pa., will receive prompt attention.
Satisfaction guaranteed. 8-12-1y

RAILROAD HOUSE,
Corner Front and Pine Street,
Philipsburg, Centre County, Pa.
ROBERT LOYD, Proprietor.
The best of liquors and cigars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords 25 1y

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas, letters testementary having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Henry Pennington, deceased, late of Patton township, Centre county, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate to present the same to
J. S. FREDERICKS, Fleming, P. O.,
JAMES CRUST, Filmore, P. O.,
April 25, 1879. 18 6t Executors.

Kansas Farms.
Improved Farms for sale at
LOW PRICES,
and unimproved railroad lands for sale cheap on long credit, by the general western emigration and real estate agency of the undersigned. Reliable information "how to go and where to go west," the best railroads to travel on at low rates of fare. Maps of lands furnished on personal application or by letter, including stamp, to
WM. SHORTLIDGE,
17-3m Bellefonte, Pa.

Doll's Boot & Shoe Store.

Home Industry! Home Industry!!
A VISIT TO THE NEW FARMERS'
BOOT & SHOE STORE
is sufficient to convince everybody that it is the
CHEAPEST AND MOST RELIABLE PLACE IN TOWN.

IT IS NOT SURPASSED IN STYLES AND MATERIALS. THE BEST AND LATEST STYLES OF
BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS
AND SLIPPERS, CAN BE BOUGHT AT
LOUIS DOLL'S,
17-3m BROCKERHOFF ROW, BELLEFONTE.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD. SOLD BY ALL DEALERS
SO SIMPLE A CHILD CAN USE IT. WARRANTED FOR 3 YEARS
WHITE SEWING MACHINE
$1500.00 CASH TO AGENTS
BEWARE OF BOGUS DEALERS AND DEFACED NUMBERS
NOTICE OUR GENUINE NUMBER ON SHUTTLE RACE-PLATE.
FOR PARTICULARS ADDRESS:
WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO. CLEVELAND, OHIO.

Bunnell & Aikns.---Music Store.

BELLEFONTE MUSIC STORE
PIANOS, ORGANS & MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.
ALL THE POPULAR SHEET MUSIC.
Repairing and Tuning Done in the Best Manner.

PIANOS.
CHICKERING,
STEINWAY,
ARION,
WATERS.

ORGANS.
ESTEY,
WATERS,
WOODS,
MASON & HAMLIN.

BARGAINS IN PIANOS AND ORGANS.

7-OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANOS, - - - - - - - $150.00.
9-STOP ORGANS, 2 FULL SETS OF REEDS, ONLY - - - - 55.00,—Regular price, $270.00.
13- " " 3 " " " " - - 75.00, " " 340.00.
This Organ has the Grand Organ Knee-Swell.

Second-hand Organs as low as $25.00. *Second-hand Pianos as low as $50.00.*
Violins and Accordeons from $2 Upwards. *Piano and Organ Instructors.* *Covers and Stools.*

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN
SEWING MACHINES.

New Domestic, $30.00
New White, 25.00.
New St. John, 25.00.
New Improved Singer, $22.50.
New Improved Howe, 22.50.
Second-hand Machines as low as $5.00.

AGENTS FOR E. BUTTERICK & CO.'S PERFECT-FITTING PATTERNS.

Orders by mail solicited and promptly filled. No agents employed. The buyers get the agents' profit. We buy our Pianos, Organs and Machines for Cash, and will give customers the advantage.

BUNNELL & AIKENS,
vol 11-8-tf Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

Railroads.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after November 19, 1878:

	WINTER.	
ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia	11 55 p m
" "	Harrisburg	4 25 a m
" "	Williamsport	8 35 a m
" "	Lock Haven	9 40 a m
" "	Renovo	11 00 a m
" arr at	Erie	7 35 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves	Philadelphia	7 20 a m
" "	Harrisburg	10 50 a m
" "	Williamsport	2 20 p m
" "	Lock Haven	3 25 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		4 35 p m
FAST LINE leaves	Philadelphia	11 45 a m
" "	Harrisburg	3 35 p m
" "	Williamsport	7 25 p m
" arr at	Lock Haven	8 40 p m
	EASTWARD.	
PACIFIC EXP. leaves	Lock Haven	6 40 a m
" "	Jersey Shore	7 14 a m
" "	Williamsport	7 55 a m
	arr at Harrisburg	11 55 a m
"	Philadelphia	3 40 p m
DAY EXP. leaves	Lock Haven	11 20 a m
" "	Williamsport	12 40 p m
" arr at	Harrisburg	4 10 p m
" "	Philadelphia	7 20 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves	Renovo	8 35 p m
" "	Lock Haven	9 45 p m
" "	Williamsport	11 05 p m
" arr at	Harrisburg	2 45 a m
" "	Philadelphia	7 00 a m
FAST LINE leaves	Williamsport	12 35 a m
" arr at	Harrisburg	3 55 a m
" "	Philadelphia	7 40 a m

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Erie Exp. West, Philadelphia Express East and Day Express East, and Sunday Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.
WM. A. BALDWIN, *Gen'l Sup't.*

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table December 31, 1877.

WESTWARD.	Exp. A. M.	Mail P. M.
Leave Lock Haven	5 25	3 25
Flemington	5 29	3 30
Mill Hall	5 33	3 35
Beech Creek	5 46	3 47
Eagleville	5 50	3 51
Howard	6 00	4 01
Mount Eagle	6 08	4 10
Curtin	6 13	4 16
Milesburg	6 23	4 25
Bellefonte	6 33	4 35
Milesburg	6 43	4 45
Snow Shoe Int.	6 48	4 48
Unionville	6 58	4 58
Julian	7 09	5 10
Martha	7 18	5 21
Port Matilda	7 26	5 31
Hannah	7 34	5 40
Fowler	7 40	5 46
Bald Eagle	7 48	5 53
Vail	7 53	5 58
East Tyrone	7 58	6 03
Arrive at Tyrone	8 05	6 10
EASTWARD.	P.M.	A.M.
Leave Tyrone	7 08	8 20
East Tyrone	7 15	8 37
Vail	7 19	8 42
Bald Eagle	7 23	8 47
Fowler	8 54	7 30
Hannah	7 36	9 02
Port Matilda	7 44	9 11
Martha	7 52	9 20
Julian	8 01	9 30
Unionville	8 11	9 42
Snow Shoe Int.	8 21	9 51
Milesburg	8 24	9 55
Bellefonte	8 32	10 03
Milesburg	8 45	10 16
Curtin	8 53	10 25
Mount Eagle	9 00	10 30
Howard	9 08	10 40
Eagleville	9 18	10 52
Beech Creek	9 22	10 57
Mill Hall	9 34	11 10
Flemington	9 37	11 14
Arrive at Lock Haven	9 42	11 18

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Dec. 31, 1877.
Leaves Snow Shoe 7.30 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 9.10 a. m.
Leaves Bellefonte 10.20 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.57 a. m.
Leaves Snow Shoe 2.32 p. m., arrives in Bellefonte 4.12 p. m.
Leaves Bellefonte 4.55 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 6.27 p. m.
DANIEL RHOADS, *General Sup't.*

Farms $400 to $1000 **JOIN OUR COLONY** *Maps and pamphlets Free.* J. F. MANCHA, Claremont, Va. 21 4

$1200 returns in 30 days on **$100** invested. Official reports and information free. Like profits weekly on Stock options of $10 to $50. Address, T. POTTER WIGHT & CO., Bankers, 35 Wall Street, New York. 21 4w

$25 to $5000 Judiciously invested in Wall St. lays the foundation for substantial fortunes every week and pays an immense percentage of profits by the New Capitalization System of operating in Stocks. Full explanation on application to Adams, Brown & Co., Bankers, 25 Broad Street, N. Y. 21 4

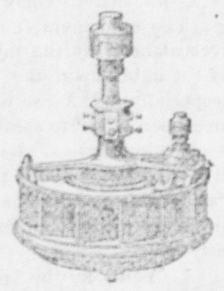
WANTED ONE SALESMAN for each State. Salary from $75 to $100 per month and expenses. References required. LA BELLE MANUFACTURING CO., 33 Clark Street, Chicago 21 4

DELAWARE FARMS! Maps and catalogues FREE. Address J. F. MANCHA & CO., Dover, Delaware. 21 4

BEST business you can engage in. $5 to $20 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities. Particulars and samples worth $5 free. Improve your spare time at this business. Address STINSON & CO., Maine. 10 21 1y

Foundry and Machinists.

W. P. Duncan & Co.,



BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS.

BELLEFONTE
PATENT WATER WHEEL,
STEAM ENGINES,
CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,
ROLLING MILL
AND
Grist Mill Machinery.
5 40-812-tf.

Jewelry.

Jewelry, Silverware, Watches, Fancy Goods
HOLIDAY ASSORTMENT NOW READY.
J. E. CALDWELL & CO.
902 CHESTNUT ST. 902
PHILADELPHIA,

Advertising Agencies.

TO ADVERTISERS.
George P. Rowell & Co.'s
SELECT LIST
—OF—
LOCAL NEWSPAPERS

Many persons suppose this list to be composed of Cheap, low-priced newspapers. The fact is quite otherwise. The Catalogue states exactly what the papers are. When the name of a paper is printed in FULL FACE TYPE it is in every instance the BEST paper in the place. When printed in CAPITALS it is the ONLY paper in the place. When printed in roman letters it is neither the best nor the only paper, but is usually a very good one, notwithstanding. The list gives the population of every town, and the circulation of every paper. *It is not a CO-OPERATIVE LIST.* It is not a CHEAP LIST. At the foot of the catalogue for each State the important towns which are not covered by the list are enumerated. It is an HONEST LIST. The rates charged for advertising are barely one-fifth the publisher's schedule. The price for one inch our weeks in the entire list is $635. The regular rates of the papers for the same space and time are $3,136 35. The list includes 970 newspapers, of which 163 are issued daily and 807 weekly. They are located in 825 different cities and towns, of which 22 are State Capitals, 328 places of over 5,000 population, and 444 County Seats. Lists sent on application. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.'S Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce St., (Printing House Square,) New York. 19 33 1y

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST
ADVERTISING
To Reach Readers Outside of the Large Cities.

OVER 1000 NEWSPAPERS DIVIDED INTO SIX DIFFERENT LISTS.

Advertisements received for one or more lists. For catalogues containing names of papers, and other information and for estimates, address
BEALS & FOSTER,
10 33 1y 10 Spruce St., New York

Miscellaneous.

PATENTS

OBTAINED for Inventors, in the United States, Canada, and Europe, at reduced rates. With our principal Office located in Washington, directly opposite the United States Patent Office, we are able to attend to all Patent Business with greater promptness and despatch and less cost, than other patent attorneys, who are at a distance from Washington, and who have, therefore, to employ "associate attorneys." We make preliminary examinations and furnish opinions as to patentability, free of charge, and all who are interested in new inventions and Patents are invited to send for a copy of our "Guide for obtaining Patents," which is sent free to any address, and contains complete instructions how to obtain Patents and other valuable matter. We refer to the German-American National Bank, Washington, D. C.; the Royal Swedish, Norwegian, and Danish Legations, at Washington; Hon. Joseph Casey, late Chief Justice U. S. Court of Claims; to the Officials of the U. S. Patent Office, and to Senators and Members of Congress from every State. Address, LOUIS BAGGER & CO., Solicitors of Patents and Attorneys at Law, Le Droit Building, Washington, D. C. 17-4f

ENDORSED BY OVER THIRTY SEWING MACHINE EXHIBITORS AT THE EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE, Paris, 1878 AND INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, PHILADELPHIA, 1876, As being "Very STRONG, SMOOTH, and EXCELLENT THREAD."
SIX CORD
TRY IT
S.F.T.
ESTABLISHED 1826.
ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY BY USING
MANUFACTURED AT MOUNT HOLLY, N.J.
STUART & BRO (LIMITED) AGENTS, N.Y. & PHILA.
SEMPLE'S SIX CORD SPOOL COTTON
TRY IT
MEDALS AWARDED | PARIS. PHILADELPHIA. NEW YORK & BOSTON.
SOFT FINISH

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania, by

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this t'p'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses, and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

Additional Local Matters.

—Hanlan, the Canadian, has won the championship of England and America, in the boat race at Newcastle-on-Tyne, which came off last Monday. Elliott, heretofore the acknowledged champion of England, was his competitor. He passed Elliot easily, and then kept the lead from the start, coming in ten lengths ahead. And so it is with Sechler & Co., in the Bush House block. They are just ten lengths ahead of any other merchants in this town, county or State, or, indeed, we might add these United States, in prices, the quality of their goods, and the neatness of their store. We consider neatness in a grocery and meat store as next to goodness. When we buy groceries we want to feel confident that they are clean; that the cheese is not alive; no ants in the sugar or cockroaches running over everything. All who purchase of Sechler & Co. can do so with confidence that none of these vermin have been traveling over the goods. Take our advice: Go there to trade, pay the cash, and get bargains.

In Memoriam.

At a regular meeting of Union Grange No. 325, on May 10th, 1879, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, For the first time since the organization of our Grange, the Angel of death has visited us, and removed from our circle on Thursday the 24th of April, 1879, brother Wm. M. Iddings, a charter member in the 63d year of his age. we, the surviving members, desire to express our testimony and appreciation of the many virtues and excellent traits of character of our deceased Bro.; therefore,

Resolved, That in the death of brother Iddings we, as a Grange, sustain the loss of a true faithful Patron, the community a warm hearted friend, and the family and friends one whom they will long remember with tender emotions.

Resolved, That our charter be draped in mourning 90 days, and a copy of these resolutions be presented to the family of the deceased an expression of love for our brother, and, sympathy for the bereaved family in this their time of sorrow, and the same be published in the *Farmer's Friend*, and our county papers.

THOMAS PARSONS, }
ADDIE TAYLOR } Committee.
JESSIE CLEAVER, }

—Col. Shortlidge informs us by letter, dated South Pueblo, June 11th, that he is at the headquarters of the railroad war in the West, and from the tone of his letter we judge matters are pretty lively around there. The Colonel expects to be home in a week; with others of the party. Harry Kline has got the traveling fever badly, and has decided to go on to New Mexico.

—A discourse is announced to be delivered in the Union church, at Unionville, on next Sabbath morning, by Rev. W. W. Campbell, concerning the origin, unity, and destiny of the human race. If time and circumstances will permit, questions pertaining to the subject will be answered. Services will commence at 11 o'clock. All are invited to attend.

—Mr. Jacob A. Crider, who lives a short distance below Milesburg, had the sad misfortune of losing four interesting children last week by diphtheria. This is one of the most fatal cases of this dreadful disease we have ever heard. The whole community sympathize with the sorrowing parents in their great bereavement.

—There will be an ice cream festival at Levy's Hall, Milesburg, next Friday and Saturday evenings, under the auspices of the M. E. church of that place. Cream will be furnished at any time after 4 o'clock.

—The good effects of the late rains can be seen everywhere.

—The A. M. E. church of Bellefonte, will hold a festival in the vacant room next to the *Watchman* office, to-morrow (Thursday) evening. All friends are urged to extend a helping hand. Proceeds for benefit of the church.

—Do you want a good five-cent cigar? If so, call at Lindsay's cigar store, on Allegheny street. Large assortment of cigars and tobaccos constantly on hand.

—Mr. Frank Montgomery has been carrying a pet around on his left hand in the shape of a full-grown carbuncle.

Harry Green, at Green's drug store, is selling a bang-up four-cent cigar. Try them.

—Harry Green's five cent cigars are the best.

ACCORDING to Wade Hampton, the Democrats of the South don't care whether their candidate for President knows anything about finance or not. If this is the case, then let Fernando Wood be nominated by all means.

To Smokers.

MR. EDITOR: I hear from some of our citizens that if my "anti tobacco sentiments were carried out it would deprive a great many persons of a great deal of enjoyment." It is hardly necessary for me to say that I am trying to live so as to promote the very highest enjoyment of my fellow mortals. If that is not my purpose, then I have no business in this world.

Smokers, no doubt, enjoy their smoking. The enjoyment, however, is far overbalanced by the injurious effects of the habit upon the bodily health, especially in the case of boys and young men. Not to speak now of other objections against the practice, will you be kind enough to publish a few proofs on this one point from the highest medical authorities, and greatly oblige

Yours for the Truth,
R. CRITTENDEN.

All medical men agree that the physical development of early manhood is seriously retarded by the use of tobacco. It is for this reason, and because the tobacco habit is a hindrance to mental improvement, that the Board of Public Instruction in Paris has issued a circular forbidding the use of tobacco in the public schools of that city. In Germany, the police in several States have been instructed to stop all smoking by boys and young men. This action is based on the testimony of the medical faculty, that tobacco-using is so injurious to the health as to impair the fitness of boys and youth for the military service, in which, in Germany, all must bear a part. In England, Dr. Drysdale, a distinguished London physician, has, in a letter to the London *Times*, denounced tobacco smoking "as deleterious to health and vitality," and as the cause of disorders which he points out.

The *Interior*—always careful and very reliable in all it publishes—puts the case very strongly when it says: "It is a great misfortune, every way, for a young man to contract the habit of tobacco-using. He stands nine chances out of ten of having his life shortened by it, and ten chances out of ten of having his usefulness impaired." The *Sunday School Times*, one of our ablest weeklies, thus concludes an able editorial on this subject: "A great many excellent men still use tobacco; but we believe that there is not one among them all whose influence for good is not in some measure lessened by this indulgence. We believe, moreover, that the best men—the clearest-headed and the purest-hearted—are coming to recognize this truth, and are one by one abandoning their vicious habit for the glory of God and the good of their fellows.

More than nine in every ten men who use tobacco wish that they had never formed the habit. Many more good reasons might be given with these three words of advice—BOYS DON'T BEGIN.

Important Transfer of Hymn Book Interests.

Messrs. Scribner & Co., having, under the business management of Mr. Roswell Smith, brought the publishing of magazines from doubtful experiment to an unparalleled success, have now entered a new field with characteristic energy in the publication of hymn and tune books for churches.

Their recent issue of "Spiritual Songs" by Dr. Charles S. Robinson, and "Calvary Selection of Spiritual Songs" (for Baptist churches) by Dr. Robinson and Rev. Robert S. MacArthur, in beautiful style, at very moderate prices, met with universal commendation from the critics. And now comes the announcement that the plates and copyrights of "Songs for the Sanctuary," and all Dr. Robinson's other works, have been purchased by this house from A. S. Barnes & Co.

By this transfer, the works of the most successful compiler of hymn and tune books are consolidated in the hands of a firm which has ample facilities for bringing them out in the very best form at the lowest possible prices.

Dr. Robinson's earlier works, especially the popular "Songs of the Sanctuary," in its various editions, are used in more churches than all other similar collections put together, and yet it is said that the entire income received by Dr. Robinson from his hymn books for the past sixteen years has been given back to the churches in various ways for the cause of Christianity.

Employment for Ladies Only.

The general agents of what is known as the I. X. L. Dilator Syringe being desirous of making its merits more fully known than can be done by advertising in the public journals or through the medium of the medical profession, have decided to employ in every prominent town or county one or more ladies to present it direct to those interested. The peculiar ills to which a large proportion of the female sex are subject, and which are well understood by every intelligent woman to admit of no relief except through the aid of the syringe, has been the means of eliciting from the best scientific minds of the day a great deal of study to devise an improvement over the appliances which have been in use heretofore. Every woman who has been compelled to use the ordinary syringe will at once comprehend our meaning and appreciate the features upon which the manufacturers claim this syringe to be superior to any and all others which are in its "retaining vessel" its "dilating nozzle" and the "suction tube holder," a full description of which could not be appropriately given in the columns of a newspaper. The manufacturers have therefore prepared an illustrated circular that gives full information upon the subject, which they will send on application to any one desiring it. The syringe is made of white metal, nickle plated and finely finished; the tubing is of vulcanized rubber, is packed in a neat, oval, cloth-covered box, and the price is lower than anything of the kind that has ever been offered. The syringe has been endorsed by the leading physicians of Europe and this country, and is fast taking the place of all other styles. In introducing it in this locality an opportunity is offered to some lady to not only make an income of from $5 to $7 per day, but at the same time confer a favor upon the suffering of her sex. Any lady feeling a desire to engage in this, would do well to send at once for a descriptive circular and terms which will be forwarded by return mail in a plain sealed envelope. Address, Lewis Brown & Co., Fourth and Central Avenue, Cincinnati, O.

One of the coal mines owned by J. H. Dysart & Co., west of Lilly's station, on the Pennsylvania railroad, is being run day and night, giving employment to a number of men. The coal is shipped to the Cambria Iron Company, Johnstown.

COMPLETION OF A GREAT WORK.—The completion of the new ACME edition of CHAMBERS'S CYCLOPAEDIA OF ENGLISH LITERATURE will mark an epoch in the experience of many lovers of good books. The announcement that they would publish a work of such superior excellence, in a form so convenient and so entirely becoming to one of such high merit, at a price only nominal when compared with that of similar books generally, was more than a surprise to reading people. It was generally supposed to be an undertaking impossible of accomplishment, except at great loss of money, and many who knew the excellent standing of the publishers feared that they had undertaken too much, and would never be able to complete the work. But it seems they knew their ground; they have not only fulfilled their promise to the public, but by undertaking and accomplishing something so extraordinary, have attracted the attention of almost the entire reading community, to themselves and their various literary enterprises, and have secured a sale for the work itself beyond precedent in the history of bookselling, and so great that it is really remunerative. This month, with a view to extending the sale as greatly as possible, they offer to send sample volumes for examination, with privilege of immediate return if not wanted, or if purchasing the remainder if found satisfactory, as they unquestionably will be by all who appreciate what is choicest in literature. Prices of sample volumes, postpaid, in paper, 15 cents; cloth, 25 cents; half morocco, gilt top, 8 vol. edition, 50 cents; half morocco, gilt top, 4 vol. edition, 75 cents. They also send free on request, to any one, descriptive catalogue of this and several hundred other standard and valuable publications which they sell at prices far below usual rates. AMERICAN BOOK EXCHANGE, publishers, 55 Beekman street, New York.

DRUGGIST AND PHYSICIAN.—A physician complaining bitterly of dull times, went to his druggist to find out the reason why, at this season of the year, his practice was not so extensive as formerly; also to find out what inducements his brother medico offered to attract away his patients. He was startled when his druggist answered as follows: "Doctor, coughs and colds are very prevalent, but everyone is purchasing Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar, and recover so rapidly that there is no necessity for calling in a physician. Again, the reason that Dr. F., on —th street, is having so many patients, is owing to the frankness he adopted in prescribing in every case of coughs, colds, etc., a bottle of Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar, and finding it successful, he has concluded in future that all his patients, when troubled with any disease of the lungs, shall immediately commence taking Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar."

The druggist's advice was snapped, and the almost discouraged physician now is considered a successful practitioner. His claims are based upon the virtue of the medicine he adopts, which in all cases is Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Sold by all druggists. Depot, 7 Sixth Avenue, New York City. C. N. Crittenton, sole proprietor. Price 50 cents and $1. Large size much the cheapest.

Pike's Toothache Drops, cure in one minute. 24-3t

Dr. VanDyke's Sulphur Soap.

DR. VANDYKE, whose life long speciality, and world-wide reputation for curing Skin Diseases, has endeavored for years to combine an EXTERNAL TREATMENT. He has accomplished this desirable result in the preparation of his compound "SULPHUR SOAP," the merits of which is spoken of by thousands; it is highly recommended to all our readers. Price 25 cts., by mail, 35 cts a box; 3 cakes, 60 cts., by mail, 75 cts. Office, 50 north 5th St. Wholesale Depot, 400 N. 3d St., Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by all Druggists. 9-27-1y-eow

New Advertisements.

SANFORD'S JAMAICA GINGER.

Enlarged May 1st, 1879. Price unchanged

The only combination of the true Jamaica Ginger with choice aromatics and French brandy, for correcting intemperate habits, regulating the stomach and bowels, breaking up chills and fevers, is Sanford's Jamaica Ginger. For relieving rheumatic pains' preventing malarial fevers and promoting sleep it is truly wonderful. Ask for SANFORD'S 25-4t

$66 A WEEK in your own town, and no capital risked. You can give the business a trial without expense. The best opportunity ever offered for those willing to work. You should try nothing else until you see for yourself what you can do at the business we offer. No room to explain here. You can devote all your time or only your spare time to the business, and make great pay for every hour that you work. Women make as much as men. Send for special private terms and particulars, which we mail free. $5 outfit free. Don't complain of hard times while you have such a chance. Address, H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine. 11-24-1y

ANNUAL STATEMENT of the Bellefonte School District, for the school year ending June 3, 1879. Tax rate 5 mills on the dollar for school purposes, and 3 mills for building purposes.

RECEIPTS.

From State appropriation	$716 52	
Balance on hand from last year	236 94	
From Collector including taxes of all kinds	5881 42	
From District Treas'r	2030 19	
		$8865 07

EXPENDITURES.

For teachers' wages	$2961 22	
" fuel and contingencies	943 49	
" salary of treasurer	100 00	
" " " secretary	100 00	
" debt and interest paid	4262 07	
" other expenses	55 69	
		8422 38
Cash on hand		442 69

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand	$ 442 69	
Amt. due district fr. all sources	4625 00	
		$ 5067 69

LIABILITIES

Outstanding orders unpaid	$ 14 00	
Amt. borrowed and unpaid, or district debt	31025 00	
		31039 00
Liabilities in excess of resources		$25971 31
Estimated value of school property		$32,000 00

GEO. W. RODGERS, Secretary.
25 3t A. O. FURST, President.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES of Snow Shoe School District for the year ending June 2 1879.

RECEIPTS.

Bal. on hand last settlement	$ 246 31	
From collectors for 1877-8	538 94	
State appropriation	264 43	
County treas. unseated land tax	289 15	
	1538 83	
To balance	32 86	
		$1371 69

EXPENDITURES.

For debts and interest paid	66 19	
" teachers' wages	845 00	
" fuel	33 21	
" insurance, furniture, repairs, contingencies, scrubbing, &c.	380 52	
" Secretary's salary	20 00	
" Treasurer's percentage	26 77	
		1371 69

RESOURCES.

Due Dist. Duplicate, 1875	$100 00	
" " " 1877	116 86	
" " " 1878	208 15	
		425 01

24 3t C. P. STONEROAD, Sec'y.

$1500 TO $6000 A YEAR, or $5 to $10 a day in your own locality. No risk. Women do as well as men. Many make more than the amount stated above. No one can fail to make money fast. Any one can do the work. You can make from 50 cents to $2 an hour by devoting your evenings and spare time to the business. Nothing like it for money making ever offered before. Business pleasant and strictly honorable. Reader, if you want to know all about the best paying business before the public, send us your address and we will send you full particulars and private terms free; samples worth $5 also free; you can then make up your mind for yourself. Address, GEO. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. 24-1y

$300 A MONTH guaranteed. $12 a day at home made by the industrious. Capital not required; we will start you. Men, women, boys and girls make money faster at work for us than at anything else. The work is light and pleasant, and such as anyone can go right at. Those who are wise who see this notice will send us their addresses at once and see for themselves. Costly outfit and terms free. Now is the time. Those already at work are laying up large sums of money. Address, TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. 11-24-1y

I. Guggenheimer & Co.

THE KEYSTONE STORE,
Reynolds' Opera House,
ALLEGHENY STREET,
Grand Opening,
April 1st,
1879.

Fancy Goods Department.
Cashmeres, Black Silks, Summer Silks, Alpacas, Brocaded Silks, Corded Dress Goods, Diagonals and Merinos, Brege Shawls, and all colors Summer Shawls, Cheap.

Notion Department.
Ladies' and Gents' Kid Gloves, Silk Handkerchiefs, Corsets, Light and Colored, Ladies' and Gents' Hose, Dress Buttons, Fringes, Ladies' Ties, Collars and Cuffs.

Clothing Department.
Collars, Hats and Caps, Boots, Shoes, White Shirts, Suspenders, and all kinds of Mens', Youths', Boys' and Childrens' Clothing and Underwear, Hosiery.

Carpet Department.
Fine Tapestries, Body Brussels, Dobbson's, Ingrain, Philadelphia Rags, and all other styles of Carpet.

CARPETS A SPECIALTY.

I. GUGGENHEIMER & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT of the receipts and expenditures of the Spring School District for the year ending June 23, 1879.

RECEIPTS.

Gross amt. of tax duplicate	$1858 21	
Bal. on hand from last year	1331 48	
State appropriation	446 97	
Unseated land tax	56 01	3692 67

EXPENDITURES.

Teachers' salaries	1800 00	
Building, fuel and contingencies	1076 62	
Building lot	100 00	
Treasurer's fee	60 23	
Collector's fee	54 47	
Percentage given to tax payers	38 29	
Exonerations	41 13	3170 74
Amt. in treasury	42 77	
Amt. in hands of collector	347 96	
Bills Receivable	131 20	521 93
Amt. due from Benner twp.		144 15
Total resources		666 08

JNO. J. MUSSER, Pres't.
P. N. BARNHART, Secretary. 24 3t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Henry Harpster, dec'd. Letters testamentary upon the estate of Henry Harpster, late of Ferguson twp., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted will call and make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

AMOS E. CLEMSON, Executor.
Rock Springs, June 4, 1879.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration upon the estate of Jefferson B. Way, late of Worth township, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Centre county, she requests all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to deceased to make immediate payment, and those having claims against him to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement to

24-6 HANNAH WAY.
Port Matilda P. O., Pa.

Teachers & STUDENTS $50 TO $100 or $200 per MONTH during Vacation.
For full particulars address,
J. C McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.
23 4w

Dr. E. I. KIRK'S
DRUG STORE,
BUSH'S ARCADE,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
PURE DRUGS,
FINE STATIONERY,
DELIGHTFUL PERFUMES.
vol 11-25tf

LYON & CO.
LYON & CO.
ARE SELLING OFF THEIR STOCK
ARE SELLING OFF THEIR STOCK
AT COST!
AT COST!

FOR the purpose of changing our business, we will offer our entire stock of goods at COST, and a great many goods that we have—a larger stock than we like—we shall sell BELOW COST. This is a chance to buy goods from 20 to 30 per cent. cheaper than ever offered before.

LOOK AT THESE UNPARALLELED BARGAINS:

We have 200 dozen of Full regular made Children's Hose, worth from $5 to $7 per dozen, which we have placed on our counters at	10 CENTS PER PAIR
2,500 yards of Embroidery	AT COST
Large line of Towels and Napkins	AT COST
Largest stock of Corsets in the Country	AT COST
1, 2, 3 and 4 Button Kid Gloves, just received	AT COST
10,000 yards of Linen, Torchon, Valenciennes, Russian and Collar Laces and Insertings	AT COST
500 gross of Pearl, Vegetable, Ivory and Silk Dress Buttons, best quality,	AT COST
Large line of Irish Linens, bought at bankrupt sale last fall	AT COST
Large line of Curtain Laces, all new designs	AT COST
Ruchings, Rufflings—our entire stock of Dress Goods	AT COST
Ladies' Coats, Spring Shawls, Black and Colored Silks	AT COST

CLOTHING. WE CALL PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO OUR FINE STOCK OF MEN'S, YOUTH'S and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING, *at Cost.* CLOTHING.

OUR STOCK is full and complete in every line, and a great many goods that we have received for the Spring Trade, which we purchased before we contemplated changing our business, will also be sold AT COST.

13 tf LYON & CO.

S. & A. LOEB'S Page—Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, &c.

SWEEPING REDUCTIONS!

The people having appreciated our efforts to supply them with cheaper Goods this season than ever, as shown by the immense sales of all Goods in our line, we are now enabled by these large sales to further reduce the prices on many of the staples and necessaries, in the face of an advancing market:

50-Cent Dress Goods reduced to 40c
40-Cent Dress Goods reduced to 30c
35-Cent Dress Goods reduced to 25c
30-Cent Dress Goods reduced to 20c
25-Cent Dress Goods reduced to 18c
20-Cent Dress Goods reduced to 15c

Dress Goods at all prices from 6 cents up.
Nice Styles at 10 cents per yard.
Arbuckle's roasted coffees reduced from 18 1-2 to 18c per lb.
All Sugars down half a cent.
Dollar corsets for 89 cents.
75-cent corsets for 59 cents.
50-cent corsets for 36 cents.
The very best calicoes at 5 1-4 cents per yard

$12 Men's Suits reduced to 9 Dollars.
$10 Men's Suits reduced to $7.50.
$9 Men's Suits reduced to $6.75.
Youths' and Boys' clothing reduced twenty-five per cent.

THIS IS A CHANCE FOR

CHEAP GOODS FOR ALL!

Always ahead! Determined not to be outdone! We mean business!

S. & A. LOEB,

14-3m

The oldest General Merchants in the County.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Farm and Fireside.

Write for Your Paper.

Farmers make a great mistake when they allow the newspaper men to do all the editing of the farm news and agricultural columns. Too often the men who do the writing know the least about the topics which they treat, and the consequence is that many a long column is turned out as if by machinery, which is practically valueless to the farmer, and is denominated by the significant term "bosh." To discourse learnedly on a subject of which he is entirely ignorant, and to gravely advise men who know infinitely more than he does, seems to be the especial forte of the average agricultural editor.

The department set apart for farm notes must, however, be filled up, if not by those who are capable, then by newspaper men, whether they know anything of the practical science of agriculture or not. But who is so well fitted for this work as the successful, practical farmer? The great agricultural journals have long since recognized this fact, and their contributions are from men who till the soil and not gotten up for the occasion by scatter-brained theorists. It is this that has made them valuable and acceptable to the intelligent farmer, and the sooner that the country newspaper follows their example in this particular the more quickly will the time come when the rural population will look upon the agricultural columns as the most valuable part of the paper, and one not to be dispensed with.

But, we are told, this is not possible; there are many difficulties in the way; the local newspaper is not generally on so firm a basis as the large agricultural weeklies or monthlies, and not often will you find in a limited section of country a man who will devote much of his time to such an undertaking. We think we see the way over this barrier. It is in this manner: Let every intelligent farmer, who is interested in his own welfare and that of his neighbor, take an active part in the work, and use their pens as well as the hoe handle. He need not compose long disquisitions on the abstract questions of agriculture, but if he only give now and then an item of his labors or notes from his farm or household, he will find that he is greatly profited thereby; not only will he give information to his neighbors, but will get into a habit of thinking and reasoning that cannot help but be profitable. If one and another will do this, soon many will follow their example, and the farmers will be surprised to find how well filled the paper is with useful items of reliable information from the people, by the people, and for the people. Glad will the editor be to see this day, for then will he no longer be compelled to puzzle his weary brain with dreary problems about the relation of crops or the proper time of planting corn, and he will be relieved from searching into such unfathomable mysteries as household recipes. Who can be more selfish than the farmer who has just made a successful experiment and will not communicate it to his neighbors through the medium of the newspaper? The housewife, too, may have discovered some new and improved method of accomplishing some of her labors, and in no way can she benefit her hard-working sister more than by placing it before her in print.

A man may be in perplexity as to what course to pursue with regard to his crops sometimes, when by stating his trouble in his home paper he might call out an answer from some one who had been through the same experience, which would be of great assistance to him. All this is not only probable but possible, and if it is done every day in the larger agricultural papers it can be accomplished in the smaller ones. Many are disposed to under-rate the value of local agricultural journals. In fact, they ought to be of the more value because of their very local import, and they will be if conducted in the above manner. This is evident on the face of it from the circumstance that many processes and successful experiments in one locality are wholly unadapted to other regions. Climatic inequalities and varieties of soil make every difference. What is done with the greatest success in Minnesota or Michigan may not be at all practicable in Maryland or Delaware, and advice from one quarter is of no value to the other. Bad mistakes are often made for this very reason. But within the limited extent of land usually embraced in a county, there are seldom any great differences of either climate or soil, so that the experience of one farmer may be of the greatest benefit to those in his vicinity.

If what has been stated is the case, we can see no reason why the intelligent farmers of Centre county will longer refrain from pursuing a course which will, beyond a doubt, greatly redound to their prosperity.

Oxen Worked Singly.

In parts of this State and in the nearer South much is done upon the farm by yokes of oxen, but we have never seen a single bullock in harness. A gentleman writing from North Carolina would intimate that the practice is quite common in that State, for he says: "Not a small proportion of the farm work in this State is done by oxen worked singly. Many of them will not weigh over seven hundred pounds, but they do an immense amount of work in a year. A two-thousand-pound shorthorn would move a tremendous load. The carts used are very simple affairs - two wheels and an axle to which are attached the shafts, braced to prevent motion sideways. A short yoke—with the usual bow—is used, to each end of which is attached a ring large enough to receive within it the two ends of the shafts, which are secured by a movable pin in front and either a pin or a shoulder back of the ring.

Notes.

Col. King, a Texas cattle man, has a fence 75 miles long, enclosing about 337 square miles, on which range 100,000 beasts.

A nice sauce for puddings is made thus: One and a half teacups of sugar, half a teacupful of butter beaten in cream; then stir in a pint of strawberries mashed until juicy, and the beaten white of an egg.

A Brooklyn poultry raiser relates how he accidently has discovered a very efficient remedy for gapes in chickens. It is dry, cansti lime. One of his fowls got the gapes; he caught the fowl and with a pen-knife he dropped some caustic lime, that happened to stand by, into its throat and let it go. Next day the fowl recovered. He mentioned his success to a friend of his, who applied the same remedy to three chickens with the gapes with the same result.

In Wisconsin they are not particulary partial to dogs, the law being very stringent. The assessor is required to keep an accurate list of all dogs in his district, and their owners are assessed for them as for other personal property. Two dollars is the tax for each male and three dollars for each female, and the assessor is liable to a fine of $20 for neglect of duty in this particular. The people of Wisconsin evidently prefer wool and mutton to the four-legged bark producers.

The author of the "Ugly Girl Papers" tells the young lady readers of the Toledo *Blade* that early hours of rising and retiring, frequent bathing and plenty of exercise will preserve their beauty and freshness long after the "dreaded twenty-five." If, however, they believe that all of life's enjoyments come before that age, they must expect that their roses will fade early as the result of their youthful dissipation. For a poor complexion, or one covered with blotches and pimples, she recommends frequent hot soda baths as very efficacious. To remove the lassitude and weariness so common at this season of the year or earlier, she considers plunge baths of cold water as far better than any tonic. If frequent and continued they will invigorate any system not fatally run down.

The Cost of Raising a Boy.

The heaviest tax that can be imposed upon a nation is one that is paid in human lives. From whatever point of view the subject may be regarded, this conclusion is irresistible. If we look at it according to purely economical considerations, we may obtain very remarkable results. It has been estimated that an actual money cost of £300 is incurred in raising a boy, cradled among the poorest classes, from birth to manhood. It does not require us to ascend very high in the social scale before we find that the estimate must be trebled. If we take what we may call the cost price of the human unit at any definite time, say at £500 on arriving at maturity, the producting power of the unit in question will bear some relation to to that sum; the more costly and careful education producing, as a rule, the more valuable results as to productive power. If the laborer earns 14s. or 15s. a week adds £50 per annum to the wealth of the country, the physicians, the scientific, military or naval officer, the barrister or the engineer may look forward to the time when his yearly labor will be worth more than a hundred times that amount, even if appraised only by the price he is actually paid for his time. Taking any producing individual, whether valued at £50 or £5,000 per annum, at any period of his career, no income tax to which he can be subjected can approach in its pressure the extravagant tax of death, for the payment of that tax at once annihilates the total earning power of which there was, until that moment, a fair mathematical expectation.

Rugs.

Now that rugs are fashionable as well as useful, it may not be out of place to say a little about them. They are decidedly useful to lay before the stove, the bureau, the mirror, the couch, and the large chairs that are so much used: First, to preserve the carpet in those places where it is new, or, if it is worn, to cover the worn off places; and second, because of their additional warmth in cold weather. They are made in various ways, of various materials and in various styles. Some are round and others are oval. The form depends on the material out of which the rug is made, and the place for which it is designed. Before a couch an oblong one is desirable, while in front of a stove an oval one does nicely. A few are quite elaborate and seem altogether to nice to be trampled on—others have a comfortable look, and the feet are quite at home on them. Rugs are made of such a wide range of material that everybody can afford one of some kind, if they have genius enough to utilize the material they have on hand. Leaving the elaborate, the ornamental and the expensive ones, I hasten to explain how rugs can be had without paying out money. To make a "caterpiller rug," take all the little bits of all kinds of cloth in colors and cut them into strips one-half an inch in width. Then, with a strong thread and coarse needle make a row of stitches through the center of each piece separately, lengthwise; then draw the thread until the cloth comes close together. After several pieces are thus strung and drawn together, twist them slightly and trim; when trimmed, their resemblance to the caterpillar gives the rug this name. After all the cloth is thus strung, take something for a lining and sew the several strings upon it. Begin in the centre and sew round and round closely together until you have the size desired. In this way you get a "hit and miss" effect; of course one can arrange her colors according to her taste. I have a rug with the centre all hit and miss, then two rows of black, two rows of hit and miss, finished with three rows of black. Another that I have is oval in form, with each row cut and sewed so as to make no break in the rows. It has a centre of three hit and miss rows, then one brown and one black, one hit and miss, two brown, another hit and miss, finished with three black rows.

The Crocheted rug is made by tearing the cloth into strips and sewing them together the same as for rag-carpet. The cloth thus prepared is crocheted similar to crocheting thread mats and tidies. This kind of rugs does very well but is not so durable as the caterpillar one, neither is it so much trouble to make.

The braided rug, however, is the most durable, and although considerable work to make, it is not difficult. The cloth is cut or torn up into strips, then braided into a flat braid consisting of three strands. The braid is sewn together good and firm with a strong thread into an oval or round form. I have an oval rug 33x49 inches that has been in use daily for six years, and is still so good that will be serviceable for probably two years longer. In making a rug, if you keep in mind that the better it is made the longer it will last, you will be more pains-taking and somewhat less in haste to finish it up at once and get it on the floor, just to see how it is going to look.

Still another kind of rug is made from the "auld cloes." Take a coarse burlap lining, cut your cloth into narrow strips, and with a strong hook draw them through and cut, leaving the ends an inch or so upon the upper side of the burlaps which has already been fitted to a frame similar to the way quilt linings are fitted. The rags are drawn in so thick that the rugs are thick, warm and durable. The style of rug is generally oblong and mostly made in the diamond pattern. A variety of rags, ravellings from woolen stockings and knit goods work up in these very well. I might enlarge upon the material used, and upon the manner of making rugs, but as I set out to write more particularly about those whose making will not involve the paying out of money, I conclude by saying that a bare floor with a rug or two on it is cool and comfortable for the summer's heat that will soon be here.

How I Planted Melons.

The difficulty in starting melons, squash and cucumber seeds early, is in getting the ground warm enough to force an early growth. Market gardners grow cucumbers in hot-beds where the soil is heated by steam pipes, and in such circumstances the vines thrive luxuriantly. I have sometimes made a deep hole where the seed was to be planted, filled it two-thirds full of coarse manure and then put enough fine earth to even it with the surface and make a good seed-bed. The manure ferments and furnishes heat early, but it is apt to become excessively dry late in the season, and thus prove a positive injury. This spring I thought I would try an experiment. Digging a hole not so deep as usual, I filled it partly with fine manure mixed with earth and on this I strewed some good unleached ashes to liberate the ammonia, which it did quite freely. Then I poured in a quart or more of water as nearly at the boiling point as I could get it, covered quickly with fine rich earth to the depth of two or three inches, and in this I planted the melon seeds. Of course, this heat will rise, and if unchecked, be radiated from the surface, but I provided against that by covering the hill, or rather the place where the seed was planted, with a shingle. This serves in part to keep the ground moist and warm during cool nights. Of course, the covering will be removed before the plants are up.

The effect of this hot water will, I think, be manifest through the season. It takes a long time for the sun to warm the earth downward, as the natural tendency of heat is the other way. The water was purposely made hot in order that less might be required. Possibly a better way would be to dig a much deeper hole and place in the bottom some heated stones. Burying stones is often an economical way of getting rid of them, and if they can be heated very hot and buried where some plant needing much heat is to grow, two good purposes will be accomplished with little extra expense.

The effect of ashes on highly ammoniated manure may be objected to. I used hen manure and though partially mixed with earth before the ashes were put on, there was a perceptible smell of ammonia, showing that some was escaping. But I am sure that much more was absorbed by the earth in contact with the manure. So soon as the hot water was put on and the hole covered with dry earth, all smell of ammonia ceased. Yet the effect of the potash in liberating ammonia was going on the same as before, and probably more rapidly from the effect of the heat. The result is, that under the hill the roots of the melons will revel in the richest kind of plant food. It is probable that being covered up from air and light, the potash and ammonia will form a nitrate of potash, one of the very best manures for any plant. In fact, I used the ashes so as to economize manure. Two or three shovelfuls of rich manure on the ground already rich from frequent manuring, are a waste for a hill of melons or cucumbers. By no possibility can the plants need so much, and we only apply this superfluous quantity because it is better to waste some than have the plants suffer a lack. Thus we waste fertilizers which are always scarce and needed elsewhere, because they are not in shape to be used. I never put so little manure under melon and cucumber hills before; but I have no doubt that the vines will be as thrifty as usual.

Plants which have been forced as above described, should be protected after they are up by square boxes over the hills which should be covered at night to retain the heat. The boxes may be kept on until the plants are nearly ready to run, by which time the weather will be warm enough for them to grow rapidly in the open air.—*Rural New Yorker.*

Sensational Farming.

Some injury is done to the plain, simple-minded folk by the reported statements of enormous agricultural enterprises in California, Minnesota and Dakota, with vast profits growing out of the fabulous operations. One Californian farms, or rather skins 45,000 acres yearly by sowing it in wheat. His harvest is said to have produced 900,000 bushels of wheat, netting him $765,000 in one year. One would suppose this man would have realized a moderate competence at least out of his one year's operation; but we now learn that after 10 years exciting business, he owes a million dollars and is practically a bankrupt; "land poor," with a white elephant, which he can neither keep nor let go, on his hands. So in the Northwest, we have had reports of great tracts of land sown to wheat and large sums of money realized. But we are slow to think of the expenses and waste of this sort of agriculture, of the large capital required to produce a drop; of the enormous interest on loans needed to carry on the business and meet current expenses, or on the inevitable final result of ruined land, barren fields, wasted opportunities and a general wreck which alone is left behind of the baseless fabric of a grand vision. It is a great gambling transaction; the weather, season and markets being the largest which are risked, and possible success, barren at the best; a cheap notoriety, or final ruin, are the alternatives. It is well that the facts should be known, and that these glittering stories should be understood, as mere speculative ventures in which there is but one ending, and that a grand crash, a mountain of debt toppling over and crushing the whole fabric; speculators, farms, crops, armies of laborers, troops of horses, parks of machinery, all of these involved in one general ruin. This has been, will be, and must be, the end of this illegitimate use of the bountiful soil which is made to pour out its life in a few short years of wasteful, riotous agriculture.

An Easy way for Ladies and Gentlemen to Secure a Handsome Income.

The Ohio Scale Works of Cincinnati have just patented and are now introducing to the public a handsomely finished family scale, an article that has always been needed in every household, and in a communication addressed to the publishers of this paper the proprietors ask us to refer them to some reliable party, to introduce it for them to the people of this county. It is very seldom that a new article steps so suddenly into universal favor. Housekeepers are loud in its praise; it is always ready; there are no weights to get lost or to be hunted up; is reliable, and will not get out of order. The description of them is a handsome base surmounted by a column in which works a spiral spring so scientifically adjusted as to weigh anything up to twelve pounds with perfect accuracy; on the top of the column is the platform, on which the articles to be weighed are placed, and they have an adjustable indicator so that you can take the tare of any vessel you may use in weighing, giving you the exact net weight. Housekeepers at once see their value in weighing fruits, sugars and other ingredients used in preserving, cooking, etc., or in testing the weights of purchases from others.

The scales are made of brass, are highly polished and are finished in a skillful manner. They are very attractive and take the eye of every one who sees them.

It seems to us that nearly every family in this county will want one, and is certainly a rare opportunity for some smart and energetic party to pick up quite a nice little income during the next few months. The company has agents in other counties who are easily making $5.00 to $6.00 per day selling them, and we would recommend parties in need of employment to drop the Ohio Scale Works, No. 125 and 127 Central Avenue, Cincinnati, O., a postal card, and all information, etc., will be cheerfully given them by mentioning our paper.

The Blessing of Labor.

I believe that for most men more than eight hours' work per day is required for his physical and moral health. I think that for most men, including operatives, mechanics, farmers and clergymen, more than eight hours' labor per day is necessary, in order to keep down and utilize the forces of animal nature and passions. I believe that if improvements in machinery should discharge men from the necessity of laboring more than six hours a day, society would run riot in measureless and fatal animalism. It would be well, I think, if we could make it impossible or an idler to live on the earth. Religious teachers are not wholly without responsibility for having taught that labor is a curse. The world owes most of its growth hitherto to men who tried to do as much work as they could. Its debt is small to the men who wished to do as little as possible.—*Atlantic.*

The Reading company is the reputed owner of 25,000 acres of land, coal and agricultural, in Kansas.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

EMPORIA, Lyon Co., Ks., June 5, '79.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—We did not have more than 12 or 14 inches of snow all winter, and no rain at all for about seven months. The winter wheat was very seriously damaged. Much of it was entirely dead before it rained any at all, and I don't think there will be over half a crop over the entire State, but lately we have had very good rains. The corn looks well. It has a good stand, and is all the way from a few inches to two feet high. Oats and barley do not promise much of a crop, and fruit of all kinds, as far as I can hear, will be scarce in this part of the State.

The excitement in regard to the opening of the Indian Territory to white settlement has about quieted down. It has always been understood here that no white man could acquire a valid title to land in the Nation (as it is called here) unless he married a squaw and became one of them, and a good many white men have done so. Col. Boudinot, chief of the Cherokees, desires the opening of the Territory to white settlement. He is said to be one of the best educated lawyers in the U. S., and thought it could be done under the existing treaties between the U. S. and the Indians, but President Hayes thought otherwise.

The colored exodus from the South has struck this point at last. They are not quite as numerous as the grasshoppers were a few years ago, but still they come pretty thick. Many of them have some little means, and most of them have good, substantial home-spun clothing. But still great numbers of them seem to be entirely destitute of everything necessary to make life endurable. As soon as a car load of them arrives at one of our little towns, they begin to scatter out among the farmers, and in a few days the most of them disappear. Many of them will probably suffer great hardship next winter, but they all declare that anything is preferable to staying in the South.

The rebuilding of the State Normal School was begun several weeks ago. It is being built on the same site, by the same architect who put up the old building, and after the same model, with some improvements.

Col. Shortlidge is out here somewhere spying out the land, but I have not seen him as yet. My daughter bought a first-class ticket from him from Bellefonte to Emporia, a distance of nearly 1500 miles, for $23.75. Now, I think that is cheaper than walking. She came through in about 50 hours.

The whole of northern Kansas was devastated last Friday by a cyclone. Hundreds of lives were lost, houses blown to pieces, etc., etc.

Yours, resp.,
D. W. TIBBENS.

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PHŒNIX FIRE, of Hartford, Conn.
HANOVER FIRE, of New York.
CONTINENTAL FIRE, of New York.
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QUEEN FIRE, of England.
ARMENIA FIRE, of Pittsburgh, Pa.
POTTSVILLE MUTUAL FIRE, of Pottsville.
METROPOLITAN LIFE, of New York.
PRESBYTERIAN LIFE, of Philadelphia, Pa.
vol 11-1-6m

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THE MODEL BOOK STORE,
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

JOHN C. MILLER & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Books,
Fancy Goods,
Photograph Albums,
Stationery,
Pocketbooks,
Gold Pens,
Wall Paper,
Umbrellas,
Window Shadows and Fixtures
Toilet Sets
Fancy Chinaware
Japanese Goods,
Toys, Toys,
Cigars, Etc., Etc.

SCHOOL BOOKS FOR EVERY TOWNSHIP IN THE COUNTY.

DAILY PAPERS & PERIODICALS.
11-6

Dry Goods & Groceries.

THE PEOPLE'S
Cash Store,
STATE COLLEGE, PA.,
where can always be found a full line of
FRESH GROCERIES,
CONSISTING OF
Syrups, Canned goods of all kinds
Sugars, Corned Beef,
Teas, Bologna Sausage,
Coffees, Cured Hams,
Prunes, Hominy,
Pearl Barley,
Alden's Aup'd Pears,
Dried Sugar Corn, Catsup,
Pared and Unpared Peaches,
Dried Apples, Jellies,
Cracked Wheat and Oat Meal,
Pickles, Chow Chow, &c.

A FULL LINE OF FINE
CONFECTIONERIES and NUTS.
Cream Chocolates, Caramels,
French Mixtures, Gum Drops,
and pastes of all kinds.
CHICAGO CARAMELS A Specialty.
Paper-Shelled Almonds,
English Walnuts, Butter Nuts,
California Peanuts, Filberts,
Pecans, Raisins, Dates, Figs, &c., &c.

Full line of Fresh Family Drugs, Patent Medicines, Perfumeries, Fancy Soaps, and toilet articles generally.
BEST BRANDS OF SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO.
Cigars Wholesale and Retail!
Oysters Received Fresh twice a week.
Highest prices paid for country produce.
JOHN W. STUART,
vol 11-7-1y STATE COLLEGE, PA.

PAINTERS.
DOAK & LONBERGER,
Painters, Paper Hangers and Kalsominers will attend promptly to all orders in their line of business addressed to them by mail or left at the REPUBLICAN office. 9 28-1y

The Latest Invention in Useful Household Articles.

Within the last few years there has been expended a great deal of inventive thought and genius upon what may properly be classed as household articles, the most noted results of which are the production of the sewing machine, the wringer, the washing machine, the carpet sweeper, etc. Almost every week we chronicle the advent of some new invention by which the cares and labors of housekeeping are lessened, and woman's work made easier.

The newest thing to challenge our attention and gladden the heart of the housekeeper, is, what is called the "Novelty Brush Holder, Carpet Stretcher and Sweeper," a very simple contrivance designed to *firmly* hold in position any kind of a brush or duster; having an extension handle that enables one to wash or dust windows, walls and ceilings without the aid of a step ladder. That is one of its conveniences, and it is also one of the best carpet sweepers in the market, holding the brush firmly at an angle. It cleans the carpet thoroughly, raises no dust, and does not wear the carpet like the ordinary broom or brush, and will outwear a half dozen brooms. As a handle for the scrubbing brush it is the best device ever made, no more kneeling on the floor, no more back aches or sore fingers.

As a carpet stretcher alone it is worth its cost, as a carpet of any size can be laid evenly without any of the labor and vexation usually attending such work. It is strong, simple, thoroughly made, cannot get out of order, has no screws, lever or hinges, is compact, cheap and durable.

It is manufactured by Brown & Co., Cincinnati, the well known manufacturers of useful housenold articles, and is sold only by their agents to housekeepers. The real utility of this article will at once be seen by those most interested, and we predict for it a large sale. Every housekeeper in the land will want one.

Any reliable lady or gentleman wishing remunerative employment, would do well to secure the agency for this county, which can be done by enclosing a stamp for descriptive circular and terms, to

BROWN & Co.,
Grand Hotel Building, Cincinnati, O.

Miscellaneous.

E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron.

The great success and delight of the people. In fact, nothing of the kind has ever been offered to the American people which has so quickly found its way into their good favor and hearty approval as E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. It does all it proposes, and thus gives universal satisfaction. It is guaranteed to cure the worst cases or dyspepsia or indigestion, kidney or liver disease, weakness, nervousness, constipation, acidity of the stomach, &c. Get the genuine. Only sold in $1 bottles. Depot and office, 259 North Ninth St., Philadelphia. Ask for Kunkel's and take no other. Sold by all druggists.

DYSPE SIA. DYSPEPSIA. DYSPEPSIA.

E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron is a sure cure for this disease. It has been prescribed daily for many years in the practice of eminent physicians with unparalleled success. Symptoms are loss of appetite wind and rising of food, dryness of mouth, headache, dizziness, sleeplessness and low spirits. Get the genuine. Not sold in bulk, only in $1 bottles. Sold by all druggists. Ask for E. F. KUNKEL'S Bitter Wine of Iron and take no other. $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All I ask is a trial of this valuable medicine. A trial will convince you at once.

Worms! Worms! Worms!

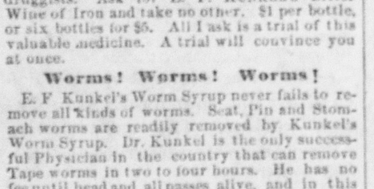
E. F. Kunkel's Worm Syrup never fails to remove all kinds of worms. Seat, Pin and Stomach worms are readily removed by Kunkel's Worm Syrup. Dr. Kunkel is the only successful Physician in the country that can remove Tape worms in two to four hours. He has no fee until head and all passes alive, and in this space of time. Common sense teaches if Tape worm can be removed, all other worms can readily be destroyed. Ask your druggist for a bottle of Kunkel's Worm Syrup. Price $1 per bottle. It never fails. Or send to the doctor for a circular, No. 259 North Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Advice free. 25 4t

COLUMBIA HOUSE,
Nos. 111 and 113 N'th Broad Street (above Arch)
PHILAD'A.

Opposite Academy of Fine Arts; three squares from Academy of Music; one square from Public Buildings and Masonic Temple.
18-1y JOEL HUTTON, Proprietor.

NATIONAL LIFE.

is the title of a new Pamphlet of 72 pages. It contains the biography of all the **Presidents** of the United States from **Washington to Hayes** with their portraits (19 in all) engraved expressly for this work, also 12 portraits of Canadian notabilities. The National Life will be sent to any address by mail, on receipt of 3 cent stamp Address,
10 4t H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.



DYEING.

Mrs. W. E. Shope takes this method to inform her patrons that she is now located on Harrison avenue, north of cemetery, Bellefonte, where she is prepared to do dyeing in the most complete and satisfactory manner. Old clothes made as bright as new.

CHARGES MODERATE.

Don't forget the place, Harrison avenue, Bellefonte. 10-46-tf

Tinware.

What's in a Name?

E. A. SMITH,
TINSMITH.

-ALL MY TINWARE WARRANTED.-

BUY NONE BUT THE GENUINE

SMITH TINWARE.

ALL MY WARE IS STAMPED WITH MY NAME, TO PREVENT DECEPTION.

ROOFING AND SPOUTING

MADE A SPECIALTY BY ME.

My Work Is All Warranted!

LIGHTNING RODS

Erected and Repaired.

Dealer in Stoves, Ranges, Heaters and Furnaces. Also set, clean and repair stoves, &c.

COME AND SEE.

Under Wilson, McFarlane & Co.'s Hardware Depot, First National Bank Block. 13-13-1y

Hardware, &c.

JAMES HARRIS & CO.,

ARE SELLING VERY LOW

REAPER SECTIONS AND REPAIRS,
And all kinds of Farming Tools,

RAKES FORKS, SCYTHES, CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS,
[ROPE BLOCKS, ETC., ETC.

As well as all kinds of HARDWARE, to meet all demands in this line. 25

HARDWARE!

Groceries.

THE
MYSTERY SOLVED.
SMALL PROFITS
and QUICK RETURNS,
—AT—
HAMILL & THOMPSON'S
MODEL STORE,
State College, Pa.,

you will find a large and well selected stock of
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS, GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
GLASSWARE,
HARDWARE,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
READY-MADE CLOTHING.

A full line of GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, and everything usually found in a first-class country store, at prices to suit the times.

STATIONERY, SCHOOL AND COLLEGE TEXT BOOKS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

CONFECTIONERY & FRUITS,

FRESH AND CHOICE.

We respectfully ask our friends to call and examine our stock, consult your own interest call and be convinced.

HAMILL & THOMPSON.
vol 11-8-3m

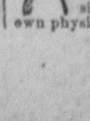
Shaving Saloons.

M. S. GRAHAM,
FASHIONABLE BARBER,

In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 5 1 tf

WM. MILLS,
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.

Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Petty's new building, High street Bellefonte, Pa. 5 29 1y



BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER.

See that each plaster has the word C-A-P-C-I-N-E cut through it, and insist on having no other. Ask your own physician as to its merits over all other.
20 4t

Lumber.

P. B. CRIDER & SON,
MANUFACTURERS.

YARD AT BELLEFONTE, PA. F. W. CRIDER.
MILL AT SNOW SHOE, PA. P. B. CRIDER.

LUMBER.

In connection with their Mills in Snow Shoe, Centre county, Pa., they have started

A Retail LUMBER YARD near Duncan Hale & Co.'s Mill, Bellefonte, Pa.,

where they are prepared to fill orders promptly for any kind of BUILDING MATERIAL, FENCING, PAVING, &c
White and Yellow Pine, Oak and Hemlock Plank, Boards, and Building Lumber; Flooring, Ceiling, Siding and Wainscoting; Weather-boards, Surfaced Boards and Stripping; Posts, Rails, Pailings and Scantling; Roofing and Plastering Lath, Sheathing and Shingles; Doors, Frames, Sash, Blinds, Shutters and Mouldings.

CELLAR GRATES. WINDOW WEIGHTS AND BRICK;
LIME, HAIR, GLASS, NAILS, &c., &c.

A reasonable amount of farm produce taken in exchange 10-16 1y

Planing Mill.

Laird, Foutz & Bartley
(Successors to McClellan & Steer)
PROPRIETORS OF
BELLEFONTE
PLANING MILL

MANUFACTURERS OF
Sash
Doors,
Sidings,
Floorings,
Mouldings,
Scroll Work,
Stairs
Building Material,
Cottage Bedsteads,

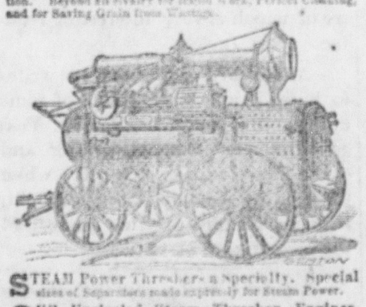
Frame Work, and all styles of work generally found in a first-class planing mill.

LAIRD FOUTZ & BARTLEY,
10 23 6m Bellefonte, Pa.

Farming Implements.

NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO.,
Battle Creek, Mich.
ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE
"VIBRATOR"
THRESHING MACHINERY.

THE Matchless Grain-Saving, Time-Saving, and Money-Saving Threshers of this day and generation. Beyond all Power for Rapid Work, Perfect Cleaning, and for Saving Grain from Wastage.



STEAM Power Threshers a Specialty. Special sizes of Separators made expressly for Steam Power.

OUR Unrivaled Steam Thresher Engines, both Portable and Traction, with Valuable Improvements, far beyond any other make or kind.

THE ENTIRE Threshing Expenses (and often three to five times that amount) can be made by the Extra Grain SAVED by these improved Machines.

GRAIN Raisers will not submit to the enormous wastage of Grain and the inferior work done by all other machines, when once posted on the difference.

NOT Only Vastly Superior for Wheat, Oats, Barley, Rye, and the Grains, but the ONLY Successful Thresher in Flax, Timothy, Millet, Clover, and like Seeds. Requires no "attachments" or "rebuilding" to change from Grain to Seeds.

IN Thorough Workmanship, Elegant Finish, Perfection of Parts, Completeness of Equipment, etc., our "VIBRATOR" Threshers and Outfits are Incomparable.

MARVELOUS for Simplicity of Parts, using less than one-half the usual Belts and Gears. Makes Clean Work, with no Litterings or Bonetherings.

FOUR Sizes of Separators Made, Ranging from Six to Twelve-Horse size, and two styles of Mounted Horse Powers to match.

FOR Particulars, Call on our Dealers or write to us for Illustrated Circular, which we mail free.

2 11 24t

Dress Making.

PLAIN, FANCY SEWING
—AND—
LACE WORK.

MRS. JANE HALEY, opposite the Cemetery, takes this method to solicit from the people of Bellefonte work. Can do

PLAIN & FANCY SEWING
OR LACE WORK.

Any person having such work to do can have it done well by Mrs. Haley, and at the same time help a worthy, poor woman. 3-1f

New Advertisements.

BOOKS FOR THE MILLION

WOMAN AND MARRIAGE

A large, new and complete Guide to Wedlock, containing, with many others, the following chapters: A competent Womanhood, Selection of Wife, Evidences of Virginity, Temperaments, Compatible and Incompatible, Sterility in women, cause and treatment, Advice to Bridegroom, Advice to Husbands, Advice to Wives, Prostitution, its causes, Celibacy and Matrimony compared, Conjugal duties, Conception, Confinement, Love and Courtship, Impediments to Marriage, in male and female, Sciences of Reproduction, Single life considered, Law of Marriage, Law of Divorce, Legal rights of married women, etc., including Diseases peculiar to Women, their cause and treatment. A book for private and considerate reading, of 320 pages, with full Plate Engravings, by mail, sealed, for 50 cents.

"The Private Medical Adviser"
on Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele, etc., also on Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility, and Impotency, from Self-abuse or Excesses, causing Seminal Emissions, Nervousness, Aversion to Society, Confusion of Ideas, Physical decay, Dimness of sight, Defective Memory, Loss of Sexual Power, etc., making marriage improper or unhappy, giving treatment, and a great many valuable receipts for the cure of all private diseases; same size, over 50 plates, 50 cents.

"Medical Advice,"
a lecture on Manhood and Womanhood, 10 cents; or all three in one nicely bound volume, $1. They contain 600 pages and over 100 illustrations, embracing everything on the generative system that is worth knowing, and much that is not published in any other work. The combined volume is positively the best Popular Medical Book published, and those dissatisfied after getting it, can have their money refunded. The Author is an experienced physician of many years' practice, (as is well known,) and the advice given, and Rules for treatment laid down, will be found of great value to those suffering from impurities of the system, early errors, lost vigor, or any of the numerous troubles coming under the head of "Private" or "Chronic" Diseases. Sent in sorts volumes, or complete in one, by Express in sample, Silver or Currency. (Consultation confidential, and letters are promptly and frankly answered without charge.) Address
Dr. Butts' Dispensary, 12 North 6th Street, St. Louis, Mo. (Established, 1847.)
For Sale by Newsdealers. AGENTS Wanted.
DR. BUTTS invites all persons suffering from RUPTURE to send him their name and address, and hereby assures them that they will learn something to their advantage —It is Not a Truss.

PROF. HARRIS' RADICAL CURE FOR SPERMATORRHŒA.
—THE—
"SEMINAL PASTILLE."

A Valuable Discovery and New Departure in Medical Science, an entirely New and positively effective Remedy for the speedy and permanent Cure of Seminal Emissions and Impotency by the only True Way, viz: Direct Application to the principal Seat of the Disease, acting by Absorption, and exerting its specific influence on the Seminal Vesicles, Ejaculatory Ducts, Prostate Gland and Urethra. The use of the Remedy is attended with no pain or inconvenience, it is quickly absorbed and soon shows, producing an immediate soothing and restorative effect upon the sexual and nervous organizations wrecked from self-abuse and excesses, stopping the drain from the system, restoring the organs to health and sexual potency, removing the Dimness of Sight, Nervous Debility, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, etc., etc., and the appearance of premature old age usually accompanying this trouble, and restoring perfect Sexual Vigor, where it has been dormant for years. This mode of treatment has stood the test in very severe cases, and is now a pronounced success. Drugs are too much prescribed in these troubles, and, as many can bear witness to, with but little, if any permanent good. There is no nonsense about this preparation. Practical observation enables us to positively guarantee that it will give satisfaction.—During the eight years that it has been in general use, we have thousands of testimonials as to its value, and it is now recommended by the Medical Profession to be the most rational means yet discovered, of reaching and curing this very prevalent trouble, that is well known to be the cause of untold misery to so many, and upon whom quacks prey with their useless nostrums and big fees. The Remedy is put up in a neat box, enough to last a month, and sent to a plain wrapper by mail, sealed, for $3.—Two boxes (usually best to effect a permanent cure unless in severe cases), $5—Five boxes (lasting three full months, will stop restrictions and restore vigor, in the worst cases), $7—Full DIRECTIONS for using will accompany EACH BOX.

Send for a Descriptive Pamphlet giving Anatomical Illustrations, which will convince the most sceptical that they can be restored to perfect manhood, and fitted for the duties of life, same as if never affected. Send sealed for stamp to any one. Sold ONLY by the

HARRIS REMEDY CO. MF'G CHEMISTS, Market and 8th St. ST. LOUIS, MO.

DR. A. G. OLIN

MARRIAGE GUIDE

10-9-1y

Drugs and Medicines.

ESTABLISHED. 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.
F. P. GREEN,
DRUGGIST,

Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family recipes. 6 1 1y

MANHOOD:
How Lost, How Restored.

Just Published, a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage etc: also, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; induced by Self indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice that the alarming consequences of Self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid*, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps.

Address the Publishers,
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,
41 Ann St., New York; Post Office Box, 4586.
10-27-1y

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK. The Great TRADE MARK.

English Remedy, an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency and all diseases that follow as a sequence of

Before Taking. After Taking.

Self Abuse: as loss of Memory, Universal lassitude, pain in the back, dimness of vision, premature old age, and many other diseases that lead to insanity and consumption and a premature grave.

☞ Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or sent free by mail on receipt of the money by addressing

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,
No. 10 Mechanics' Block, Detroit, Mich
HARRIS & EWING, Wholesale Agents, Pittsburgh, Pa. vol-10-37-1y

U can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required; we will start you. $12 a day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Me. 10 21 1y

$66 a week in your own town. $5 Outfit free. No risk. Reader, if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work, write for particulars to HALLET & CO., Portland, Maine. 10 21 1y

H. K. HICKS—Hardware.

NOT BY FAVOR
BUT BY MERIT ALONE!

I WILL MAINTAIN THE REPUTATION THIS OLD HARDWARE HOUSE HAS MADE DURING THE LAST FIFTEEN YEARS OF

GIVING THE PEOPLE FULL VALUE
FOR THEIR MONEY.

My sales are increasing from month to month, which gives me the front rank in trade.

H. K. HICKS,
(Successor to T. A. HICKS & BRO.,)
Greatest Hardware Store,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
IN CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.

IS HEAD-QUARTERS FOR HARDWARE IN ALL ITS DETAILS.

STOVES IN ENDLESS VARIETY,
OILS, PAINTS,
AND COACHMAKERS' GOODS!

Bear in mind, I don't allow a single clerk to misrepresent anything that is sold out of this house—money refunded if goods do not prove as represented. I allow no party to undersell me. I offer no baits. Come and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere—it is a pleasure to me to show goods. All mail orders promptly attended to, and prices sent upon application. 26-3m

Bush House.

IMPORTANT TO TRAVELERS!
—THE—
BUSH HOUSE!
BELLEFONTE, PA.,

has been thoroughly renovated and repaired, and under the management of the new proprietor, MR. GEORGE HOPPES, formerly of Pittsburgh, is first-class in all its appointments.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS

Are offered to those in attendance at COURT, and others remaining in town for a few days at a time.

The Largest and most Superbly Designed Hotel in Central Pennsylvania.

ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES. GO TRY THE BUSH HOUSE.

GEORGE HOPPES, Proprietor.

Wilson & McFarlane—Hardware.

WILSON, McFARLANE & CO.
HARDWARE,
RAKES, SCYTHES, CRADLES,
FORKS, CULTIVATORS,
AND SHOVEL PLOWS

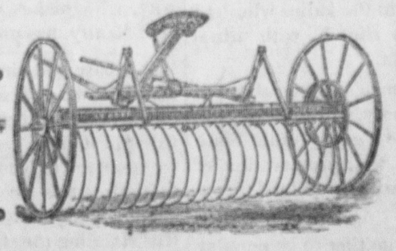
AGENTS FOR THE ONLY SUCCESSFUL DOUBLE

HARPOON HAY HOOK.

ALSO AGENTS FOR THE

No. 10 NORTH BEND PLOW,
—AND—
LEADER HORSE HAY RAKE.

$30. **$30.**



$30. **$30.**

☞ we have also the largest assortment of

BUILDING AND GENERAL HARDWARE

ever brought to this town. Our stock of

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES,

GLASS, &C., IS UNEQUALLED.

Call and examine our stock, and you will save money in buying from

Wilson, Mcfarlane & Co. 9 14-4t

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Local Department.

CARD.

Owing to the general reduction in prices of all commodities, we saw fit, about the last of March, to reduce prices on all classes of general merchandise, and, among others, we placed Arabuckle's coffee at 18½ cents—a reduction of 6½ cents per pound over all others—since which an effort was made by a combination of merchants to keep us from getting these coffees. We wish to notify the community generally that we are ready to fill all calls for Arabuckle's coffee, or any other goods in our line, at published prices, all comments to the contrary notwithstanding. S. & A. LOEB.

—Cherries are in the market.

—Huntingdon cries out for a brass band.

—Jose A. Ramirez—look out for poster.

—Huntingdon is organizing a G. A. R. post.

—Thieves have been operating in Osceola.

—The telephone line is working satisfactorily.

—Sechler & Co., have put up a newly-painted sign.

—The next legal holiday on the list is Fourth of July.

—Business was brisk in Bellefonte the latter part of last week.

—A small party of picnickers from town visited Snow Shoe last Thursday.

—Farmers, attention! Sections for all Mowers and Reapers, at Jas. Harris & Co's.

—The Garman House office is being repapered and painted inside, and fixed up generally.

—The foundation of the building opposite the Arcade, is to be strengthened by a new wall.

—The depot men at this place are a musical crowd, and frequently let their voices be heard.

—Mr. Bartroff, the carriage manufacturer, has sold out his establishment to Mr. Hess, of Pine Grove.

—Are we to have any celebration on the Fourth? If so, it is time somebody was moving in the matter.

—At a meeting of Gregg Post, G. A. R., held on Tuesday, June 10th, nine new members were mustered in.

—McVeytown is going to whoop 'er up on the Fourth. She's in dead earnest this time, and no mistake.

—Our Court House yard, now that its shade trees are loaded down with foliage, is one of the prettiest spots in town.

—The boys have begun to take an interest in the telephone line. We see it has already been decorated with kite strings, slings, etc.

—Are you going to paint your barn? —go to Jas Harris & Co., and buy the ready mixed paint at one dollar per gallon. Warranted pure.

—Mr. William P. Duncan, who is grinding out a superior quality of flour at his Philipsburg mills, spent a few days in town last week.

—The Bush House register shows twenty-four arrivals for last Wednesday, which tells the story of the popularity of this excellent house.

—Tom Thumb was much admired by some of the young misses about town. But the little man attended strictly to business, and wouldn't flirt.

—Mr. John Ray, of this place, agent for a piano firm in Williamsport, notwithstanding the hard times, drove out last week in a bran new two-horse wagon.

—Our exchanges teem with accounts of the great destruction of property in the central part of the State, by the heavy storms of week before last.

—The shower last Sunday morning was refreshing—refreshing to vegetation, but not so to the ladies who had ventured out to church with nine-dollar bonnets on.

—The Sportsmen's Association, of Huntingdon county, will entertain the members of the Pennsylvania State Association for the preservation of game and fish, with a hunters' picnic on the 18th inst.

—Archery is getting to be popular throughout the State, and threatens to drive croquet out of the arena of summer pastime. Let some one organize a club in Bellefonte.

—Guess Tom Thumb thought he was of considerable importance, if he is a little man, when he arrived in town and saw the large crowd who had collected to get a squint at him.

—It is said that blossoming locust trees is a sure indication of a good corn crop. We have not traveled about enough to know how much truth there is in the assertion as regards this locality.

Stabbing Affray.

We heard several rumors during the early part of last week, of a stabbing affray having occurred between two young men somewhere within the town limits, but beyond rumors we were unable to get anything definite enough to warrant publication. Since then we have heard fresh reports, and by still further investigation we were enabled to get some facts in connection with the case.

The names of the parties engaged in this disgraceful affair are James Parks, who lives somewhere near the planing mill, the scene of the encounter, and Harry Baney. The former is between 17 and 18 years of age, and the latter about 16. As we understand it, young Parks and some other boys were engaged in a game of ball, when Baney came along and made some remark of an irritable nature to Parks, who answered back in like manner. More words followed, and finally Parks advanced, threatening to give Baney a thrashing, whereupon the latter drew a jackknife and said if he came up to him he'd "cut his d—— g—— out." Parks, however, didn't think the young reprobate would dare put this threat into execution, and made an effort to wrest the knife from his possession. But Baney, it seems, meant just what he said, and made a savage thrust at his adversary, with the evident intention of doing considerable damage. The blade of the knife struck Parks' left leg, cutting through his pants, then glanced off and struck his right, cutting a gash about three inches long, and half an inch deep, just above the knee, from which the blood flowed profusely. Medical aid was promptly summoned, and the wound dressed. The unfortunate lad is now doing well, but it will be some time before he will be able to be about again.

Baney was arrested and given a hearing before Justice Smith, who bound him over in the sum of $400 for his appearance at court.

Tom Thumb at the Opera House.

Gen. Tom Thumb and wife, accompanied by the infinitesimal Amy Reed and Major Newell, the funny man on skates, appeared before a Bellefonte audience last Wednesday afternoon and evening, at Reynolds' Opera House. The little folks don't seem to have altered any since their last visit here, three years ago, and if the hard times have had any effect upon them it is not noticeable. The General is as fat and independent as ever, and the year of travel in foreign lands has not impaired the pleasant and graceful manners of the little ladies in the least.

The entertainment consisted of several solos by Mrs. Stratton (Mrs. Gen. Tom Thumb), impersonation of Napoleon Bonaparte, by the General, character songs and dancing by Major Newell, and concluded with a side-splitting farce entitled "The Mischievous Monkey," which kept the audidience in an uproar. The General took a prominent character in this sketch, and acted his part in a decidedly comical manner, while Mrs. Stratton distinguished herself as "Miss Virginia Small." Mr. Bleeker, the "Quiet Man," and Major Newell as the "Monkey," called forth frequent outbursts of applause for their comical manoeuvering.

Mr. Bleeker informed us that the company is now on its way home to rest for the season, but it is their intention to start out on another tour in the fall.

—The *Democrat*, in alluding to the withdrawal of Mr. Grow from the editorial staff of this journal, was kind enough to say that, "with his going all there ever was of the REPUBLICAN goes also." Mr. G. no doubt appreciates this delicate compliment, as do we, in one way, but at the same time his experience has taught him that there is a wide difference between smartness and meanness, as regards journalism, which the local scribe in the underground retreat across the way, who makes daily pretences of christianity, has not yet discovered.

—A base ball club is being organized in town to accept the challenge of the State College nine, to play anything in Centre county. The clubs, we hear, are to contend for honors some time this week. We've got some good players in Bellefonte, and notwithstanding the College club have been in practice some time, they may be able to carry the day. At any rate, we hope they'll not be so badly used up as to come sneaking home after dark.

—It is said that Judge Bucher, at Lewisburg, a short time ago, refused to grant license to any hotel in Mifflinburg "because the applicants could not bring twelve reputable citizens to recommend the licensing of their hotels." If true, this is a bad "give away" for the Mifflinburgers.

—Lewistown had a horse fair last week Saturday.

Trotting at the Fair Grounds.

The trot at the Fair Grounds last Saturday afternoon drew together quite a number of spectators. The sun was very warm, but a cool breeze was blowing most of the time, and the trotting was not materially interfered with. The race was for a purse of $30, best three in five, between Mike Dolan's Honest Dick and Mart Cooney's Wild Irishman. Harry Kline's Tobe was entered, but failed to come to time on account of sickness.

About half-past 3 the track was cleared, the judges took their position at the stand, and the flyers came down the course for the start, but were sent back. The third time they got the word and started, Honest Dick in the lead, which he maintained nearly round the track, Wild Irishman breaking at the start. He was soon brought down to work, however, and crept steadily up to Dick until they were abreast, on the last round. They came down the home stretch in a pretty trot, nearly neck and neck, but when within about thirty yards of the stand the Irishman shot ahead and took the heat in 3:05.

In the second heat both horses broke badly. Honest Dick again took the lead. The Irishman went off his feet when about third way round, and before he could be got under control Honest Dick had a long lead. He tried hard to close up the gap, but Honest Dick was doing good work and crossed the line, winning the heat in 3:24.

The third heat was a botched up affair. A dispute arose between the judges and the contestants, which threatened to end the race. When the horses came down for the start, notwithstanding there was a wide space between them, the judges gave the word to go, and then countermanded it. Lose, who was driving Honest Dick, heard the word "go," but not the call to come back, while Cooney heard the rap to come back, but not the former command, and slowed up. Lose went on round the track, but seeing that the Irishman wasn't trotting, drew up at the stand for an explanation, instead of completing the heat, as he should have done. It was finally decided that nobody was entitled to it, as it stood, and was trotted over again. There was some good trotting done in this heat, and was won by Wild Irishman by about two lengths. Time, 3:06.

The fourth and last heat was not very exciting. Honest Dick went to the front, but broke and lost her place. Wild Irishman stepped over the groumd briskly, increasing his lead, and although breaking once afterwards, kept his place, winning the heat and race. Time of heat, 3:10.

S. A. Brew, Lawrence Brown and Jack McClellan acted as judges.

—A man in Mahonoy City, Schuylkill county, fell on a bad pavement, recently, and injured himself. He offered to settle with the authorities for fifty dollars, which they refused, and a board of arbitrators awarded him $300. From this the borough appealed, and last week the court awarded him $1,000 damages. Our borough authorities might take a hint from this. To tolerate man-traps and other obstructions in the public highway is dangerous to the public, and often, as in this case, proves very costly.

—The Baptist festival held last Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings, in McClain's block, was liberally patronized by our townspeople. Strawberries, ice cream, and cakes of every description, was served by attentive and accommodating young ladies, which latter, of course, was one of the principal attractions. Between $80 and $90 were taken in.

—We have heard it remarked that if the *Democrat* would cease its agonizing attempts at "slinging" Latin and fill up the space with common sense, it would be doing a favor which would be greatly appreciated by the couple hundred readers of that sheet.

—Col. Grabowskii, Professor of Languages at the Pennsylvania State College, has been elected to the chair of Agriculture in the Maryland Agricultural College, a State institution, which position he has accepted.

—Mr. McAteer, of Houtzdale, is about to remove to Washington Territory, whereat the Cambria *Freeman* is moved to say: "We feel as though we should McAteer drop to his memory."

—Rev. Tomlinson, of Aaronsburg, and Mr. Wm. Wolf, of Centre Hall, were delegates to the Lutheran Synod, at Wooster, Ohio, last week.

—The brick work on the new law office of E. & E. M. Blanchard has been completed.

—A number of Academy students left here last Thursday for home.

—Rev. Yocum and Furst exchanged pulpits on Sunday evening.

Personal Intelligence.

Ex-Sheriff Candor, of Lock Haven, took in the race on Saturday.

Mr. George Crostwaite, telegraph operator at East Waverly, is at home on a short vacation.

Mr. William Zellers spent several days in Pittsburgh last week.

W. H. Morrison, Esq., who has been attending Supreme Court in Philadelphia, arrived home last Thursday.

Mrs. Ellis, of Philadelphia, who has been engaged in the temperance cause in this place for several weeks, returned to her home on Monday last.

Mr. Ellis Marshall, of Delaware county, is in town visiting his daughter, Mrs. H. K. Hicks.

Col. John DeHaven, Col. W. W. Jennings, Hon. W. B. Hart and C. O. Zimmerman, of Harrisburg, registered at the Bush House last Wednesday.

Rev. W. W. Campbell, of Unionville, looked into our sanctum on Monday.

Miles Kephart, who figured some in Centre county politics last fall, was in town on Monday.

Penn Bigony, of the Bush House, spent Sunday in Lock Haven. Penn says the Fallon House was full of agents, twenty-two in all, and Jack and Judge were as full of jokes as ever.

D. H. Hastings and John G. Love, Esqs., hied themselves away to Harrisburg on Monday last.

Commencement Week at State College.

The commencement exercises of the State College for 1879, will take place this month, beginning on Sunday, 22d, and closing Thursday, the 26th inst.

The exercises will be as full and interesting as usual, as will be seen by the following programme:

Sunday, June 22. 3 P. M., Baccalaureate Sermon, by Pres. Calder; 8 P. M., Anniversary of Y. M. C. A. Address by Prof. John F. Downey, M. S., C. E.; Subject, "Martin Luther."

Monday, June 23, 8 P. M., Musical Soiree.

Tuesday, June 24, 8 P. M., Address before the Alumni, by Prof. A. H. Tuttle, M. S., Class of 1868.

Wednesday, June 25, 9 A. M., Artillery Salute. 10, A. M., Annual Meeting of Trustees. 12 M., Alumni Dinner. 2 P. M., Meeting of Delegates and Alumni to elect Trustees. 4 P. M., Review and Drill of Cadets. 8 P. M., Junior Contest for the Kaine Prize.

Thursday, June 26. 10.30, A. M., Graduation Exercises; 8 P. M., President's Levee.

—Mrs. A. Simon, of the firm of Mrs. A. Simon & Son, Lock Haven, died a short time ago at an advanced age. She is reported to have been a very shrewd business woman, and much of the firm's success is due to her advice and sound judgment on matters pertaining to business.

—Mr. Clarence Johnson, proprietor of the National Hotel, of Shamokin, with whom most of our citizens are well acquainted, is writing an account of his trip to Brazil, for the Shamokin *Times*, the opening chapter of which is very interesting reading.

—A Howard correspondent writes to know if we can tell him of some new, exciting, out-door exercise. Yes; go out some pleasant morning and shake hands with a bee-hive, when the bees are at home. If played right, it is an awfully exciting game, and the biggest kind of exercise.

—A fashion writer says that dresses are to be worn full this season. Why of course; how else? How would a half-filled dress look switching around the street? How would you like to walk out to church some evening with an empty dress hanging on your arm?

—The Jersey Shore *Herald* says it has been discovered that young men are more bashful in summer than in winter. Yes, we've noticed it. In Bellefonte it attacks them about sundown—when the ice cream shingle is hung out.

—The High street bridge has at last been completed, and we must say that the widening of it has made a great improvement in the appearance of the street. Now let the bridge over the race be correspondingly widened.

—Have you a house to paint inside or outside, or both? You can get the best ready mixed paint of Jas. Harris & Co. Warranted pure linseed oil and lead in any color desired, at one dollar and a half a gallon. Call and see it.

—The United Brethren church intend holding a festival on the 4th and 5th of July, for the benefit of their Sabbath-school. A good object, and ought to be well patronized.

—Jose R. Ramirez—look out for poster.

Deserved Compliments.

Both the *Watchman* and the *Democrat* have paid deserved compliments to Mr. George W. Rodgers, our efficient superintendent of the water works. We do not hesitate to say that the excellent management of this competent gentleman has given entire satisfaction all around, and it is the universal opinion that he is the right man in the right place.

It seems good to walk down the street and not hear somebody grumble about not having water enough to get dinner with; but such is the case. All grumblers have become silent on the question, and the flow of an abundance of sparkling water goes steadily on. The water supply is a very important feature in town governments, and a poor supply of water often does a town a great deal of damage. One of the first questions asked by a stranger who contemplates moving into a place is in regard to the water supply, and if the answer is unsatisfactory it often turns him away.

We believe that Mr. Rodgers is conducting the works with as little expense as possible, and at the same time furnishes an abundance of water. Bellefonte is to be congratulated for having so able a public servant.

Central Penn'a. Alumni Association.

An effort is being made by several alumni and a number of students of Central Pennnsylvania to organize an alumni association for that part of the State, to be composed of the alumni of Penn. College. The counties of Clinton, Lycoming, Centre, Union Northumberland, Montour, Columbia, Snyder, Mifflin, Juniata, Perry, Dauphin, Huntinguon, Blair and Bedford, are to be included in the bounds of this association.

Lewistown has been selected as the place of holding the first convention and the date some time during the early part of July.

We see it announced that Adam Hoy, Esq., of this place, who is a graduate of Penn. College, class of '56, is to be one of the speakers on this occasion.

—Mrs. William A. Thomas, mother of Isaac and Jacob Thomas, died last Monday night, of paralysis, in her eighty-seventh year. She was born September 23d, 1793, and was married in 1817. She was the mother of nine children, seven sons and two daughters, and was a devout member of the Friends Church. For six years she had been in a helpless condition, in which state her life must have been one of dreariness and pain, although surrounded by those who did all within their power to make life cheerful for her. But with her death all suffering has ended, and the soul which has left the pain-racked body has gone from a world of trial and afflictions to one of happiness and peace everlasting. The funeral takes place on Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

—Last Monday Mr. Sechler of the firm of Sechler & Co., started for Pittsburg to purchase cattle to supply the constantly growing demand for meat at his market house in Bush House Block. This firm sell nothing but the very best meat that can be found in the market, and when the Centre county market becomes exhausted they will purchase from distant markets the best that can be found in the country. When Mr. Sechler returns we expect to see the finest display of stall fed beef ever offered for sale in Bellefonte. Give them a call.

—If you want to pay ten per cent. on your premium note for fire insurance, try the Lycoming Fire Insurance Co.; they are the boys that can tax you to that amount. We will give a little history of their method of doing business, and the folly of Bellefonte paying such exorbitant rates of insurance, next week. We are free to say that we consider the tax laid by this company a gross outrage. The officers do not understand their business, *or else*, "there is something rotten in Denmark."

—Zion is to have a grand band picnic on the 21st, to be given under the auspices of the Zion cornet band. The Bellefonte band has been invited to join, and we believe, has accepted the invitation. Tight-rope walking by Prof. Phillippi, a grand balloon ascension and other attractions are announced, which, if carried out, will make little Zion fairly bristle with life and gayety.

—The members of the Methodist Sabbath-school, of Milesburg, with Superintendent Bathurst at their head, betook themselves to the woods on Saturday for a frolic. Refreshments were served under the spreading trees, and various games of amusement indulged in. Prof. Bauer, the writing master, was present, by invitation, and enjoyed himself immensely.

—The picnic at the Forge last Friday, for the benefit of the new Temperance Hall, was a marked success, financially and otherwise. A beautiful supply of eatibles were furnished on the grounds, and the manner in which the large crowd of people laid hold if it, is a sufficient proof of its good quality. The platform erected for the use of those who wished to "trip the light fantastic" was well patronized. The receipts were $60.

—J. Newman, Jr., the King Clothier, don't humbug the people by telling them that he is selling at cost. But he positively asserts that he is selling better goods for less money than those who advertise at cost. A call at his famous Eagle Clothing Hall will convince you of the fact. He has pants at 40 cents, hats at 23 cents, shirts at 25 cents, and everything in proportion. 14 tf

—Mr. Hammond Sechler, of the well-known firm of Sechler & Co., started for Pittsburgh last Monday to purchase cattle for his meat market. Mr. Sechler is a good judge of stock, and we expect when he comes back his customers will have the pleasure of feasting upon something a little above the average.

—The *Journal* says Mrs. Christina Reynolds, of Rebersburg, presented the Lutheran church of that place with a handsome and costly sofa for the pulpit. Quite a substantial present, we should say.

—What bothers the people around this neighborhood, just now, is whether to go down to Harrisburg to celebrate the Fourth, or whoop 'er up out at the Gap.

—A house in Lock Haven, belonging to our fellow-townsman, Mr. Allen Schroyer, was damaged by fire last Saturday night. There was no insurance.

—Four rooms and one dwelling house with eight rooms, on Lamb street, for rent at reasonable rates. Inquire of William Jones, ag't, 1st National Bank. 16 tf

—Newman says that it don't matter what others advertise, that he will always sell lower than the lowest. tf

—Suits made to order out of all wool Cassimere at Newman's for $12. All work warranted. 20-tf

—Have you seen the nice white vests at Newman's for 70 cents. 20-tf

—Another lot of $2.40 suits and 23-cent hats at Newman's. 20-tf

—Look at these goods at Newman's —summer caps five cents each. White shirts, linen bosoms and cuffs, 50 cts. each. The finest, largest and cheapest line of dusters in town at Newman's. 20-tf

—We are agents for Sawyer's Woolen Mills; and also for Kipper's foreign woolens. The finest fabrics. All wool suits to order, *Twelve and one-half Dollars.*

2tf MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

—Chew Jackson's best sweet navy tobacco. vol 11-5-1y

MARRIED.

JONES—FRAZIER—On the 8th inst., at the Reformed parsonage, Jacksonville, by Rev. Geo. P. Hartzell, Mr. William Jones and Miss Amanda Frazier, both from near Salona, Clinton Co.

CUT this out and hand it to your neighbor!

BROWN'S DIABETIC CURE.

Established 8 years ago at Green Springs, Sandusky county, Ohio, continues to be the wonder of the age in its marvelous cures of *Diabetes, Diuresis, Gravel*, and all forms of *Kidney* and *Bladder* Diseases. To be convinced, come or send for a circular and sworn testimony. J. L. BROWN, M. D., Physician in charge.

O. J. SHUTTS, S. H. SMITH, } Trustees. 11-15-1y

HAPPY VOICES. (Copyrighted.)

How glad happy voices,
Like sweet Sabbath bells,
O'er the hills and the vales,
The glad story tells
of the celebrated STAR PARLOR ORGAN, manufactured by Alleger, Bowlby & Co., Washington, N. J. The finest organ for less money than any in the United States. Write to them.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, June 18, 1879.

QUOTATIONS.

Whitewheat per bushel	$1 00
Red wheat	1 00
Rye per bushel	50
Corn, ear	45
Corn, shelled	45
Oats new	25
Cloverseed	$3 75@4 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 00@5 20
Flour, wholesale	4 50@4 75

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$10 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	8 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	6 50
Short straw per ton	5 50@6 50

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$9 00
Nova Scotia, ground, per ton	10 00

Provision Market.

Corrected weekly by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Beans per quart	5
Fresh butter per pound	12½
Chickens per pound	6
Cheese per pound	16
Country hams per pound	8
Hams, sugar cured	12½
Bacon	6
Lard per pound	6
Eggs per doz	10
Potatoes per bushel	80
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	12½
Lemons per doz	40
Dried sweet corn per pound	
Small Onions per quart	10